

AIDS,

Health,

Population

Plan of Action

6-26-06

- AIDS and Population
- Case Studies

FIGURE 2²

Estimated number of people living with HIV, and adult HIV prevalence, globally and in sub-Saharan Africa, 1985–2005

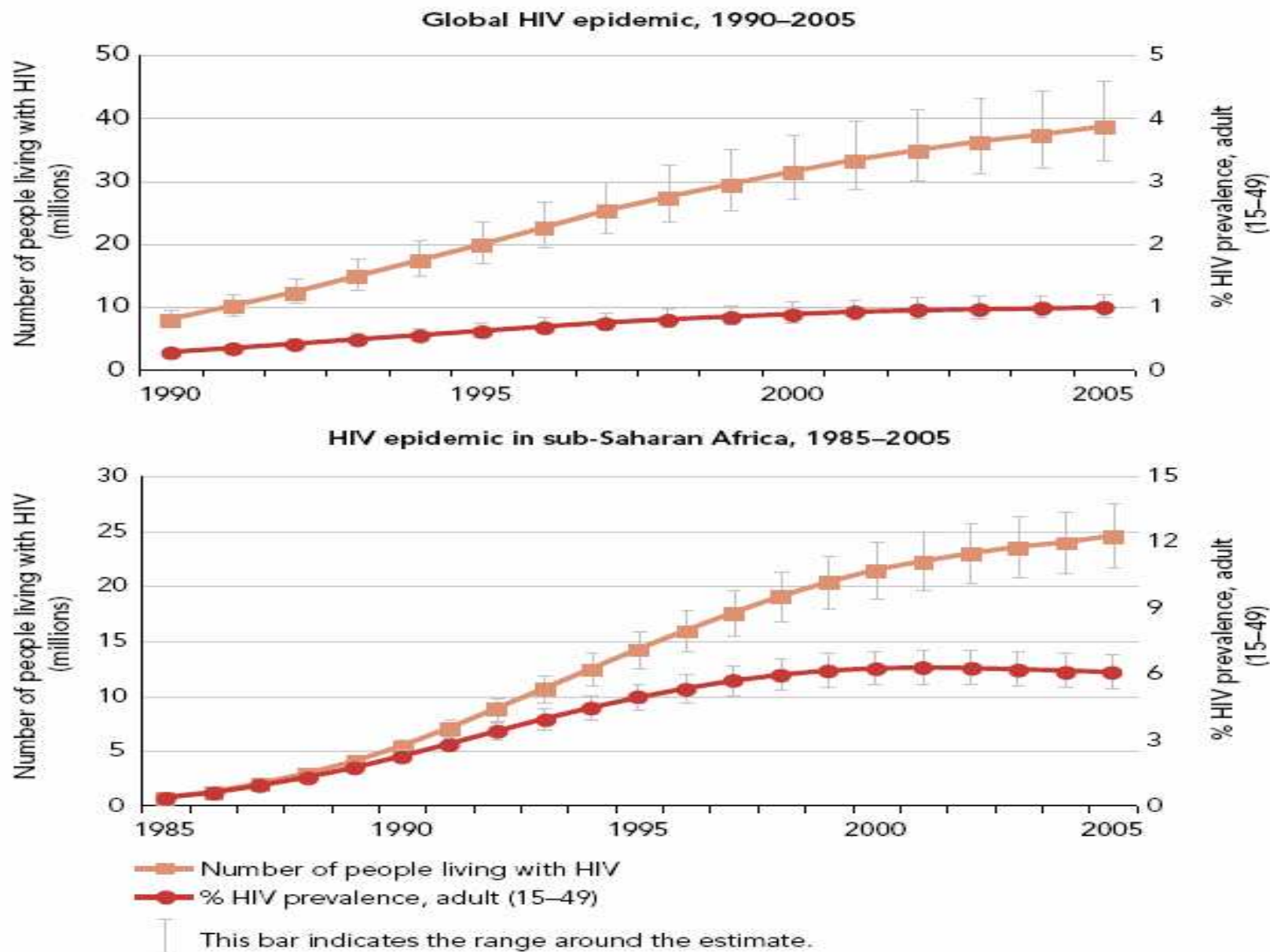


Figure 2 extracted from 2006 Report on the global AIDS epidemic (UNAIDS, 2006), chapter 2.

Source: UNAIDS. 2006

“What is happening in southern Africa absolutely represents the most serious humanitarian crisis in the world today.”

~James T. Morris

U.N. Special Envoy

Washington Post, 6/22/04

AIDS is the #4 cause of death globally, and the #1 cause of death in Africa.

~U.S. Census Bureau & USAID, 2004

HIV/AIDS and Demography

Since the beginning of the epidemic over two decades ago, over 20 million people have died of HIV/AIDS. Today, 40 million people are living with HIV; most are expected to die in the next 10 years. In 2001, UNAIDS estimated that 5 million people were newly infected with HIV.

HIV/AIDS and Demography

If current trends continue, the AIDS pandemic will dictate the size, growth, and age~sex structures of entire populations around the world.

This will include severe distortions in age~sex structures in severely affected countries, and less effect on countries with more moderate epidemics.

HIV/AIDS and Demography

The most direct impact of AIDS is expected to be an increase in the death rates in affected countries; the crude death rates will rise, even as non-AIDS deaths decrease.

Life expectancies in AIDS-affected countries are projected to decline, negating gains achieved over the 20th Century.

HIV/AIDS and Demography

Infant mortality rates have increased since 1990 in some Sub-Saharan African countries.

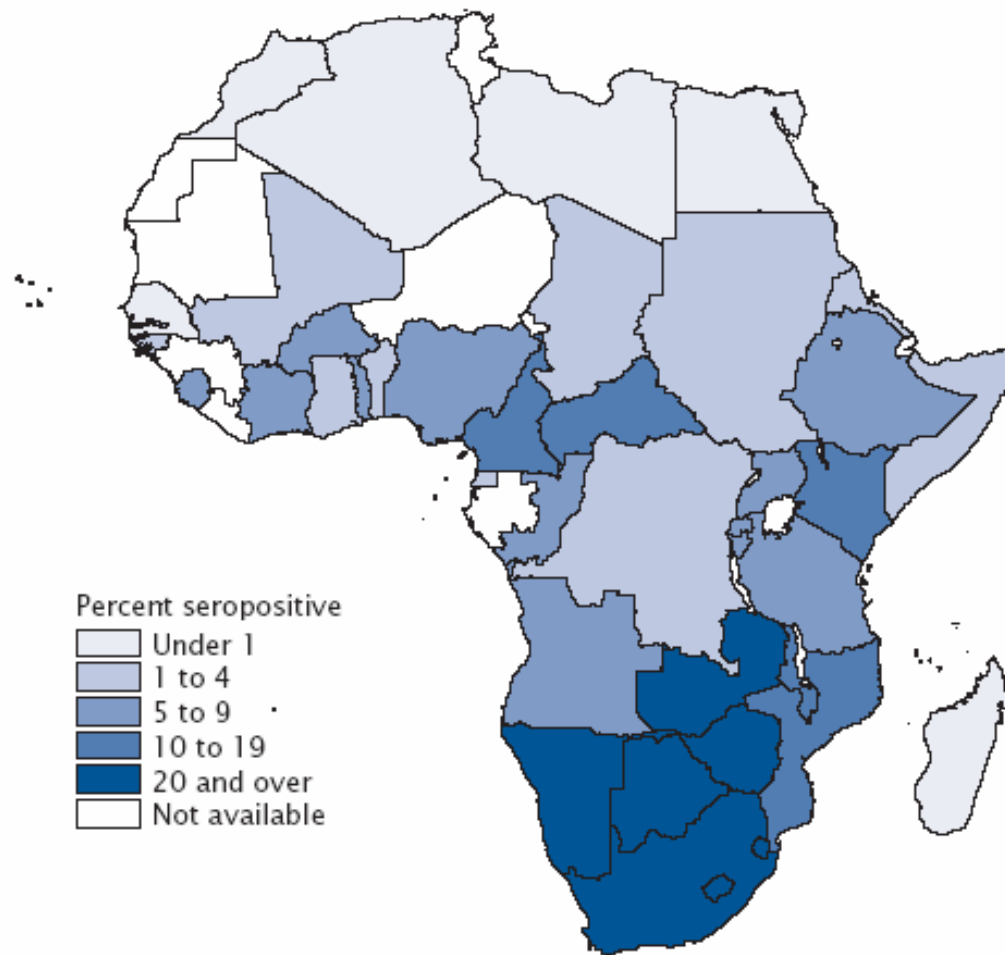
By 2010, populations in most Sub-Saharan African countries is projected to increase despite high AIDS-related deaths; however, this is not the case in 6 countries.

HIV/AIDS and Demography

Over 90% of people infected with HIV live in developing countries; this proportion is expected to rise due to poverty, poor health care systems, and limited resources for prevention and care.

Over 70% of people infected with HIV live in Sub-Saharan Africa, a region with 11% of the world's population.

Figure 1.
Adult HIV Prevalence in Africa: December 2001
In 12 countries, more than one-tenth of the adult population 15-49 years of age is infected with HIV.



Source: UNAIDS/WHO (2002).

*Source: US Census
Bureau & USAID,
2004*

Effect of AIDS on Crude Death Rates

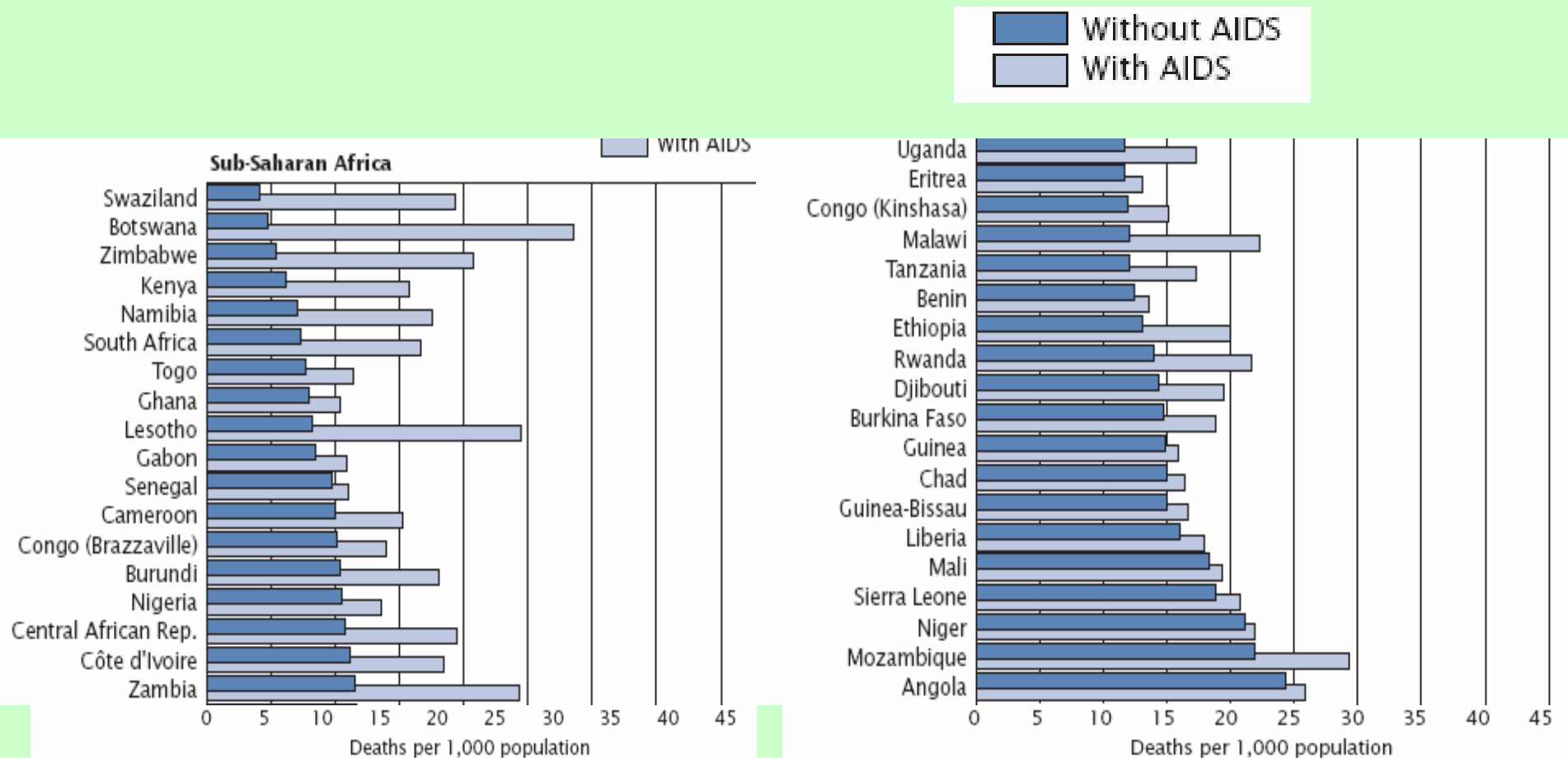
$$\text{Crude Death Rate} = \frac{\text{\# of Deaths}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 1,000$$

Low ≈ 5.0 ; High ≈ 20.0

U.S. = 8.26 (2006 estimate)

Kuwait = 2.41; Botswana = 29.5

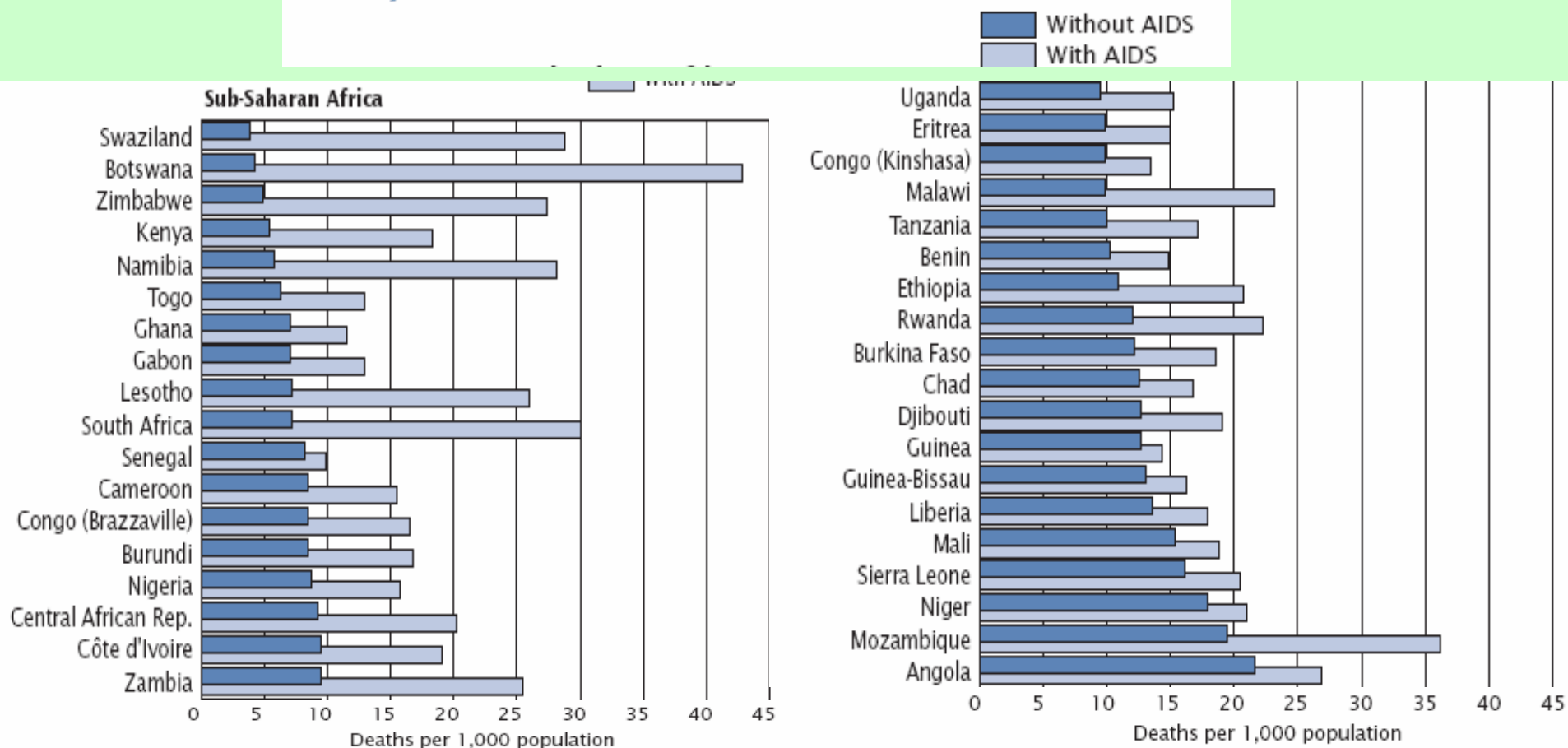
Figure 12.
**Crude Death Rates With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2002**
**Crude death rates are four times as high in
 Zimbabwe as they would have been without AIDS.**



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

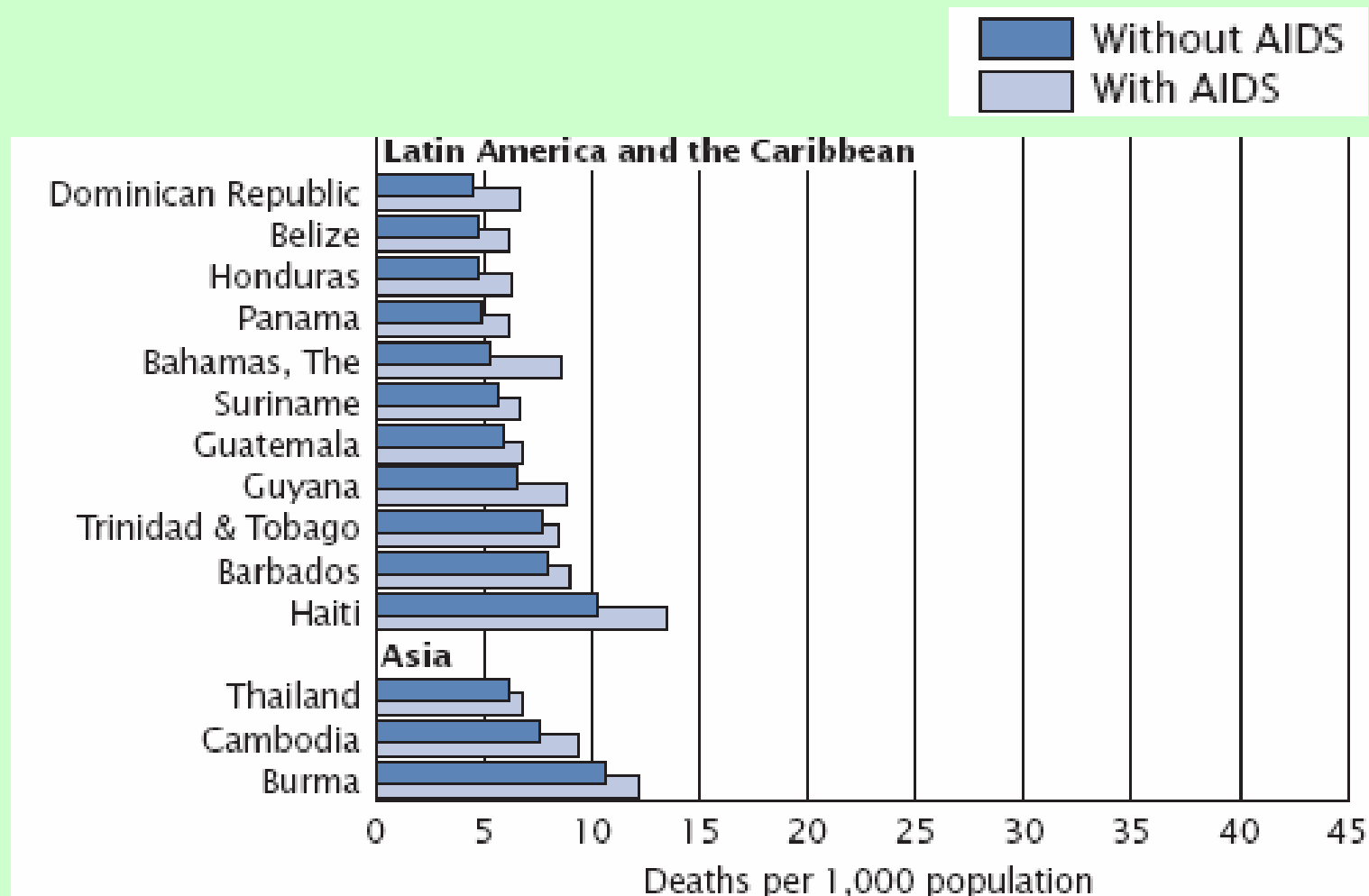
Figure 13.
**Crude Death Rates With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2010**
**By 2010, crude death rates are projected to be ten times
 as high in Botswana and seven times as high in Swaziland
 as they would have been without AIDS.**



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

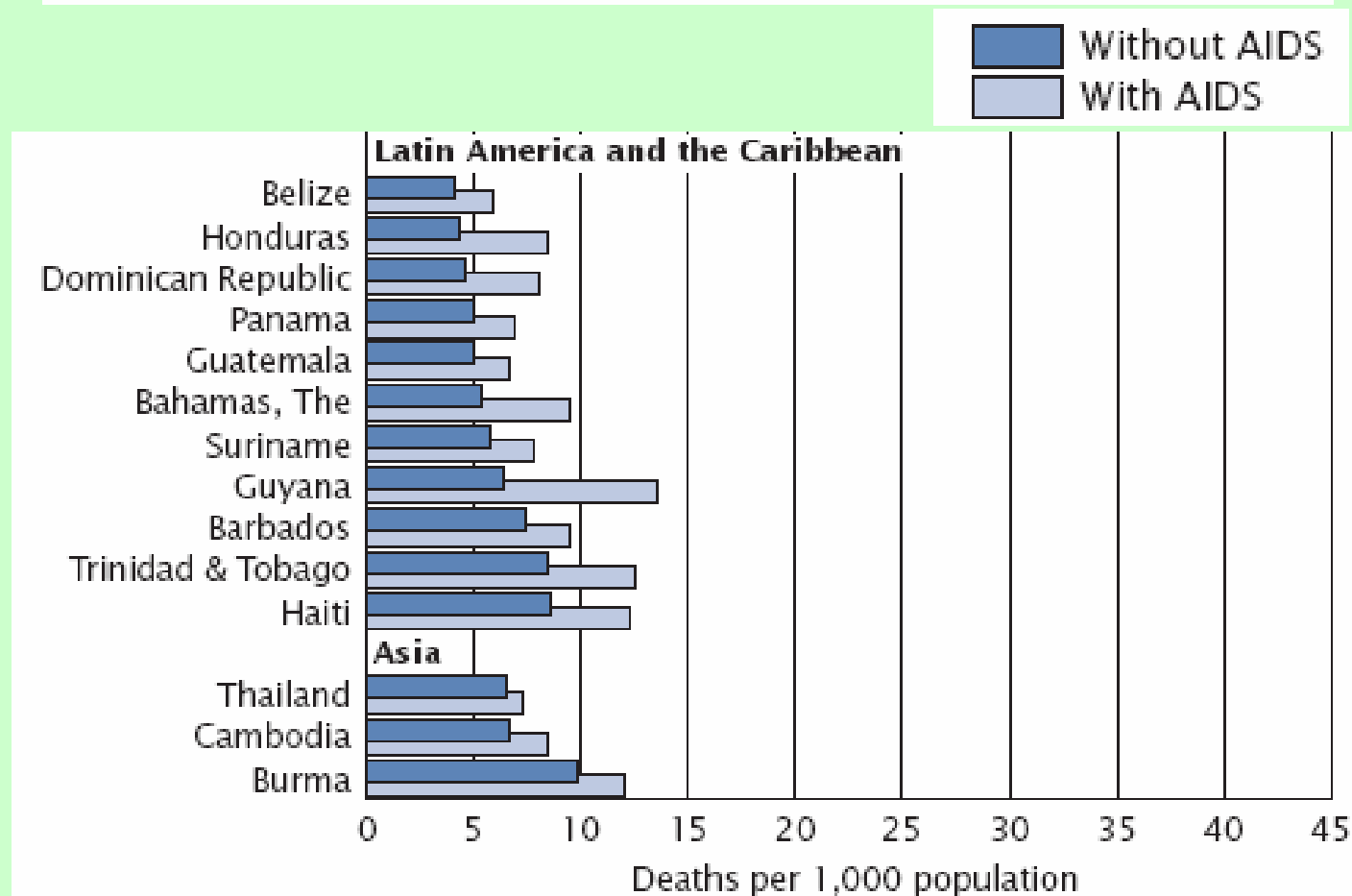
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Figure 13.
Crude Death Rates With and Without AIDS for
Selected Countries: 2010



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

Effect of AIDS on Population Growth Rates

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Population} \\ \text{Growth} \\ \text{Rate} \end{array} = \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{Births} - \text{Deaths} \\ \pm \text{Net Migration} \end{array}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$$

Low $\approx$ 0.5%; High $\approx$ 2.5%

U.S. = 0.91% (2006 estimate)

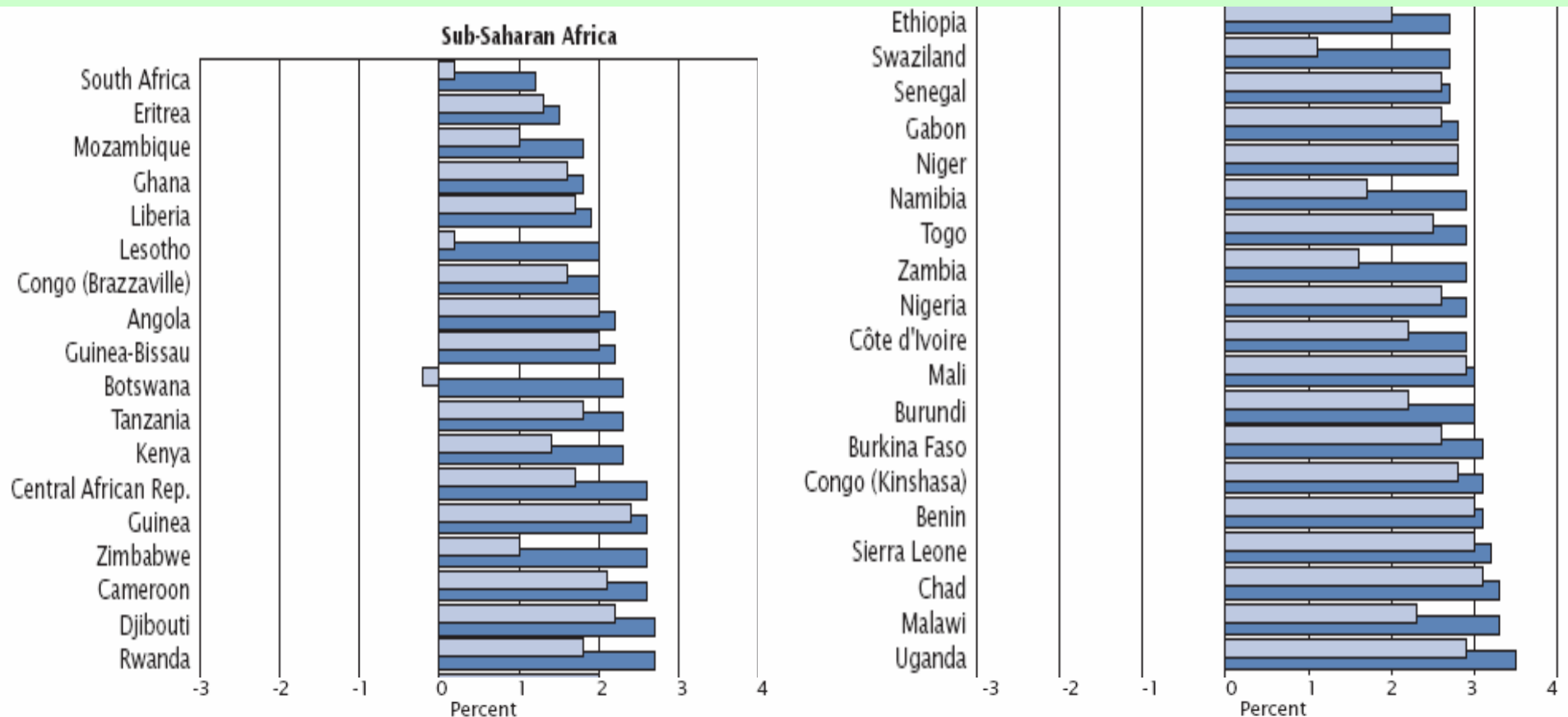
Bulgaria = $\sim$ 0.86%; Somalia = 2.85%

Figure 6.

Population Growth Rates With and Without AIDS for Selected Countries: 2002

Botswana is now experiencing negative population growth. In South Africa, growth is now less than half what it might have been in 2002 without AIDS.

With AIDS
Without AIDS



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

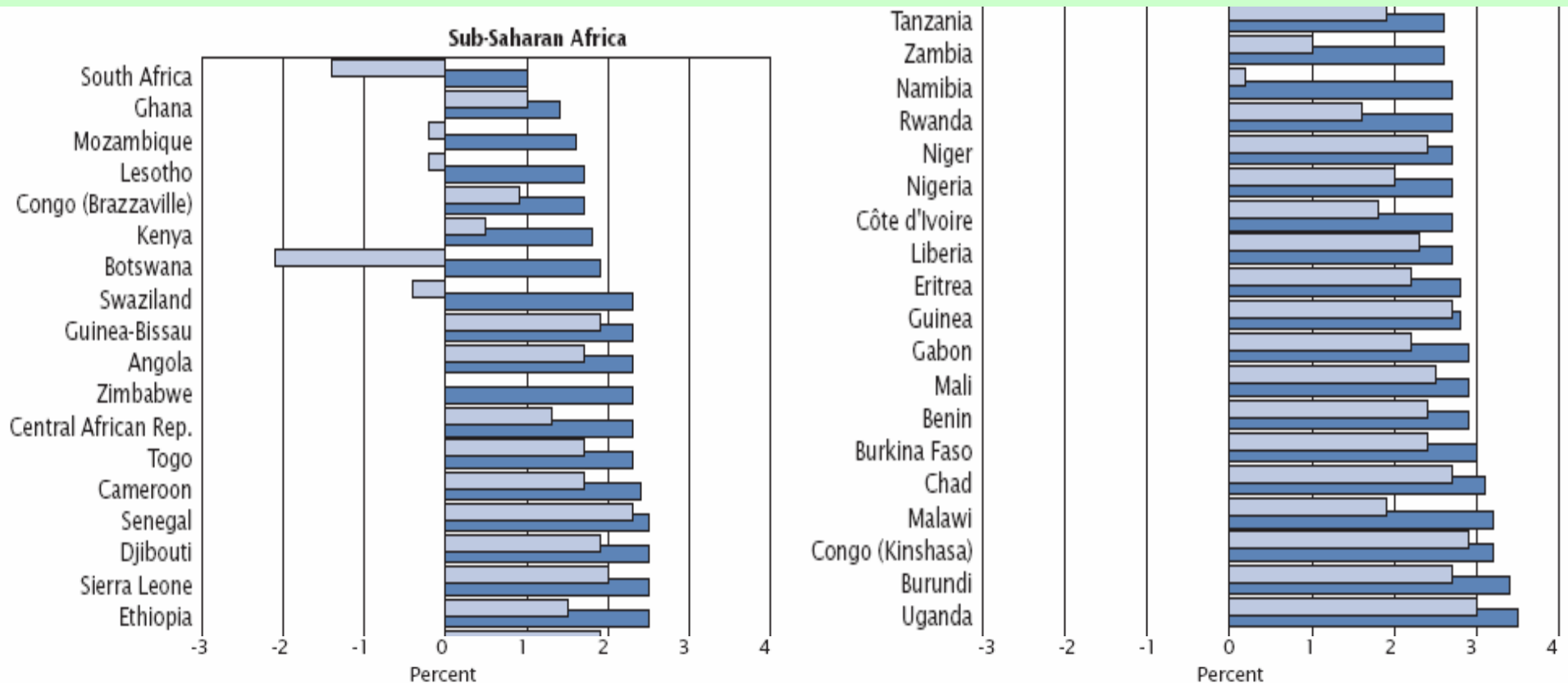
Source: US Census Bureau & USAID, 2004

Figure 7.

Population Growth Rates With and Without AIDS for Selected Countries: 2010

By 2010, Botswana, Mozambique, Lesotho, Swaziland, and South Africa, are all expected to experience negative population growth due to AIDS.

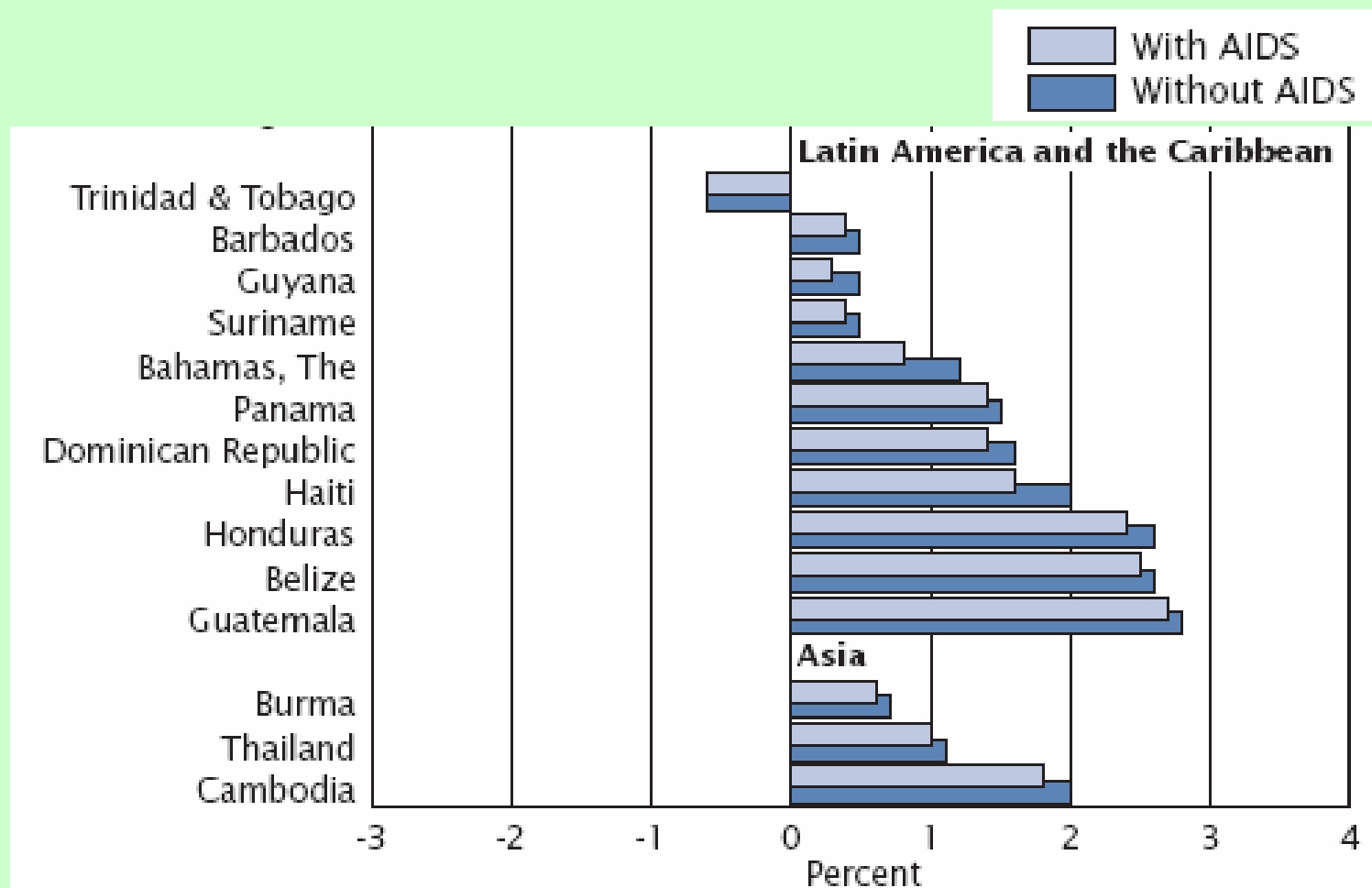
With AIDS
Without AIDS



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

Source: US Census Bureau & USAID, 2004

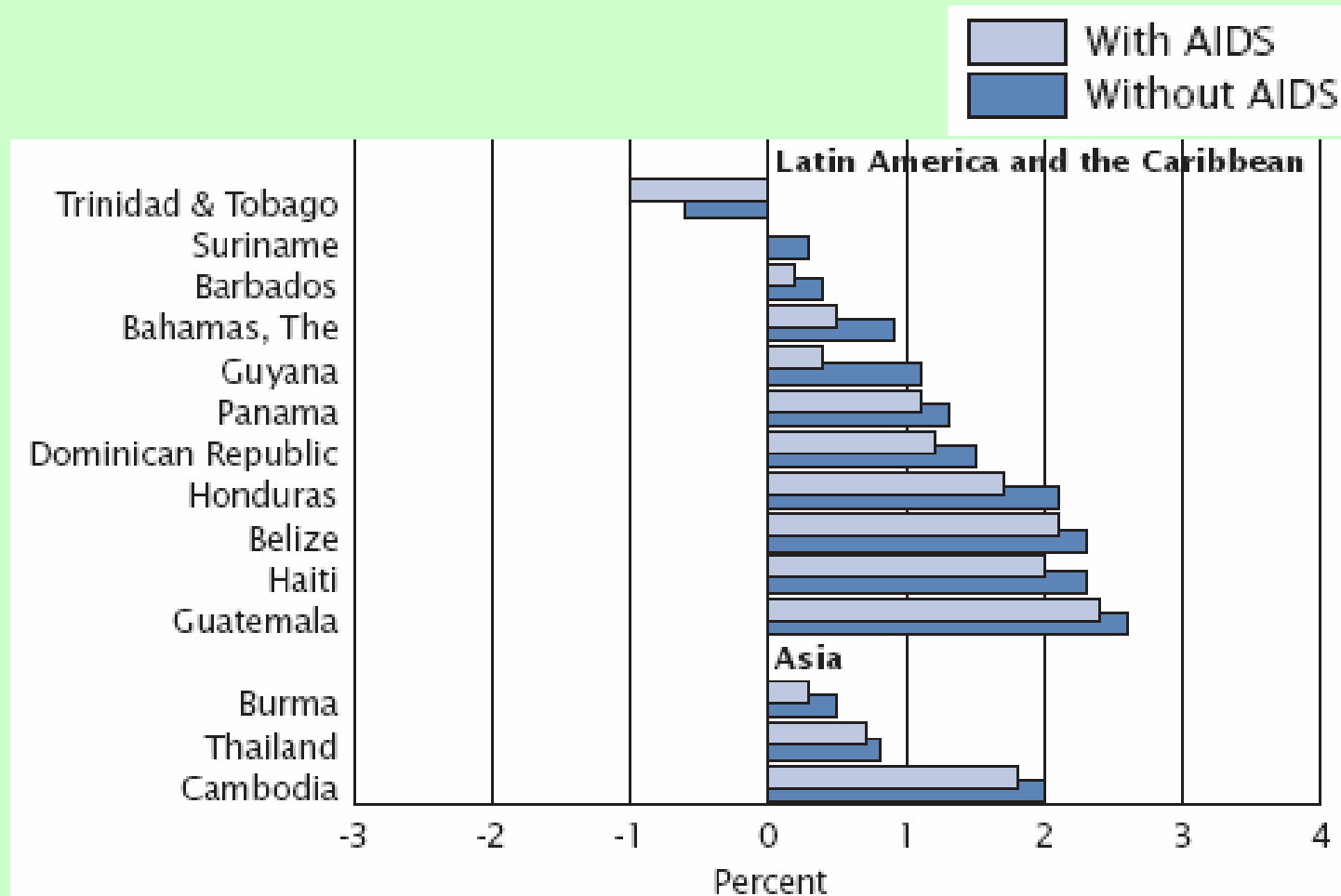
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

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Figure 7.
**Population Growth Rates With and Without AIDS for
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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
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Effect of HIV/AIDS on Life Expectancy at Birth

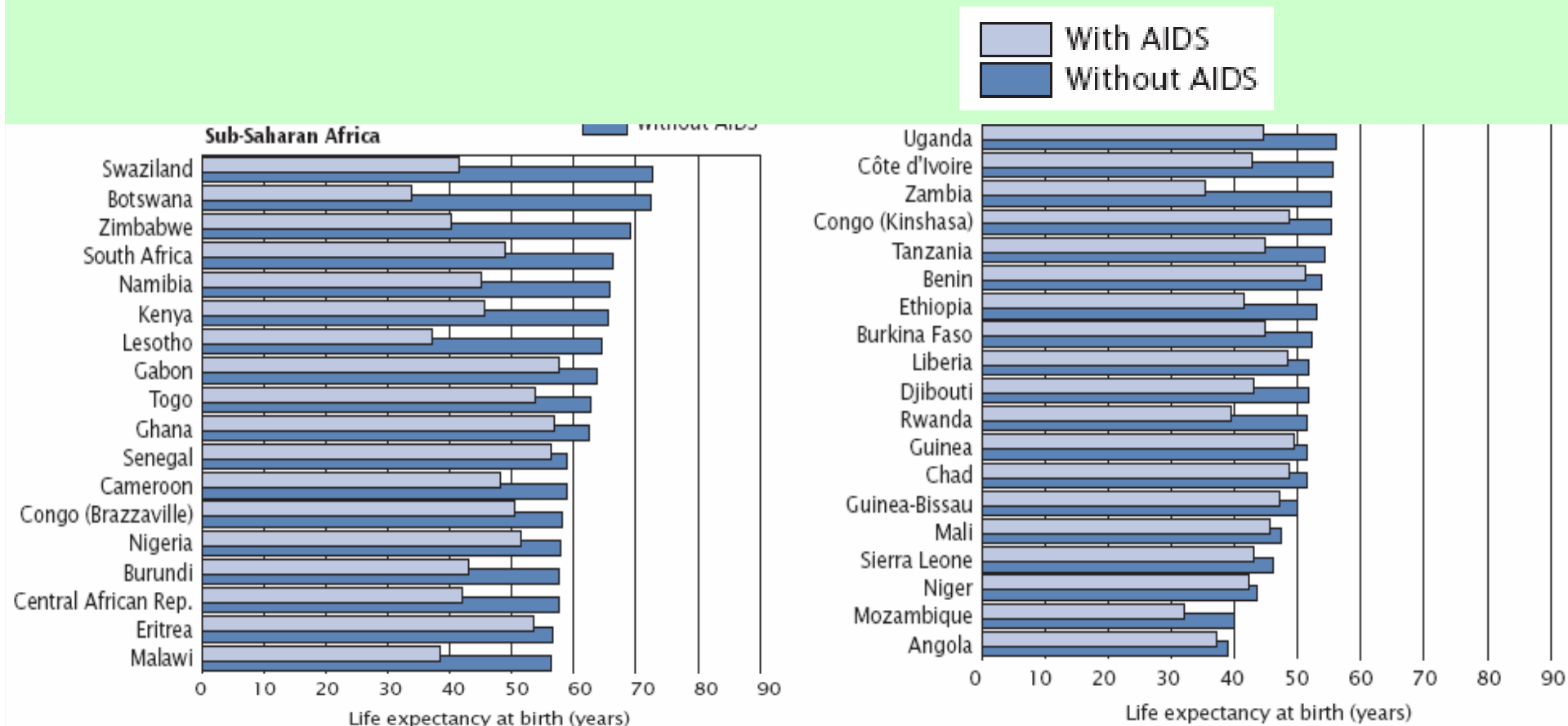
Life Expectancy at Birth = Average number of years a baby born this year can expect to live, if current age-specific death rates remain the same.

Low $\approx$ 45.0; High $\approx$ 75.0

U.S. = 77.85 (2006 estimate)

Mozambique = 39.8; Andorra = 83.5

Figure 10.
**Life Expectancy at Birth With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2002**
**In Botswana, nearly 40 years of life expectancy
 have been lost due to AIDS.**



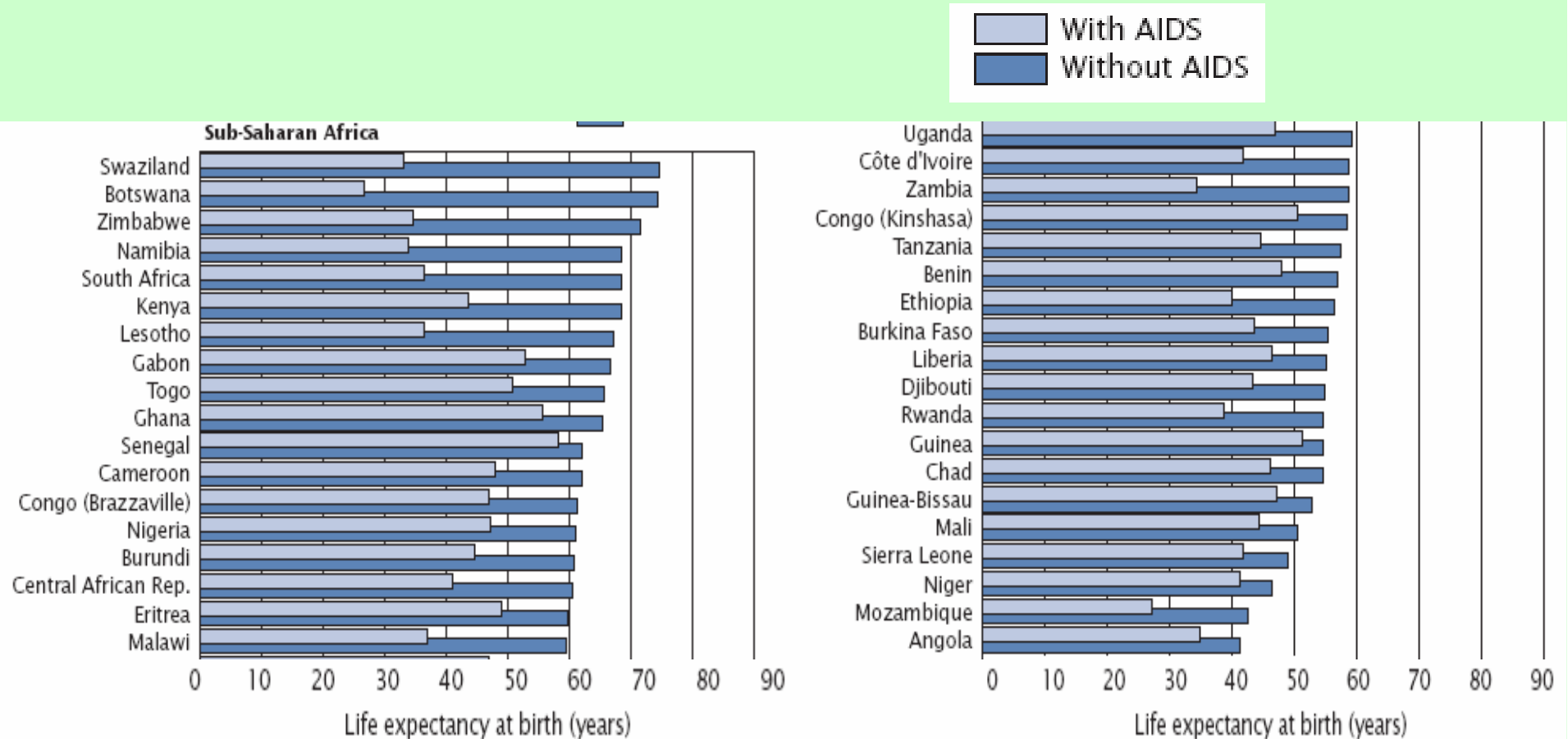
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

Figure 11.

Life Expectancy at Birth With and Without AIDS for Selected Countries: 2010

By 2010, Botswana and Swaziland are likely to see life expectancy reduced by over 40 years.

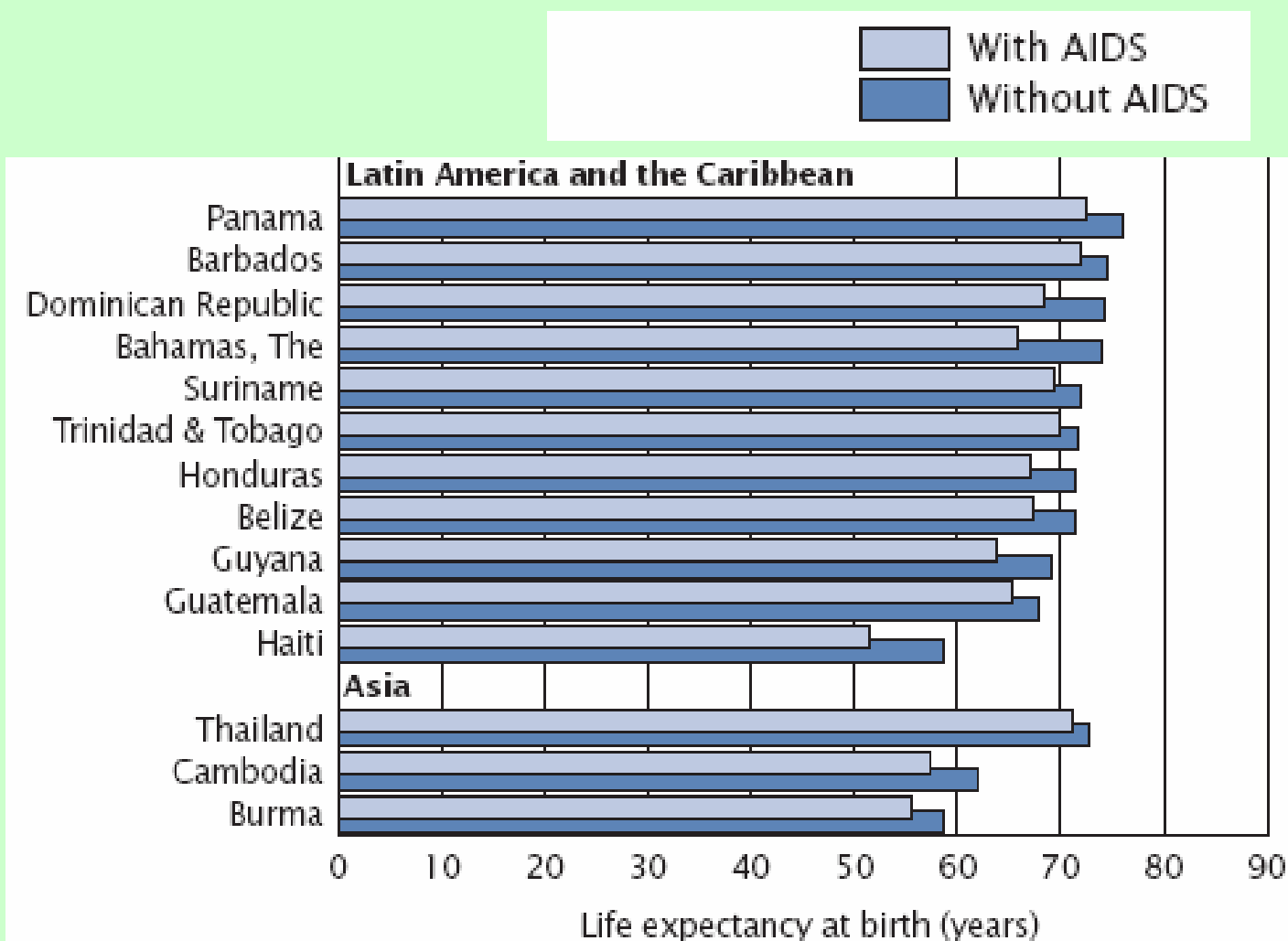


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

Source: US Census Bureau & USAID, 2004

Figure 10.

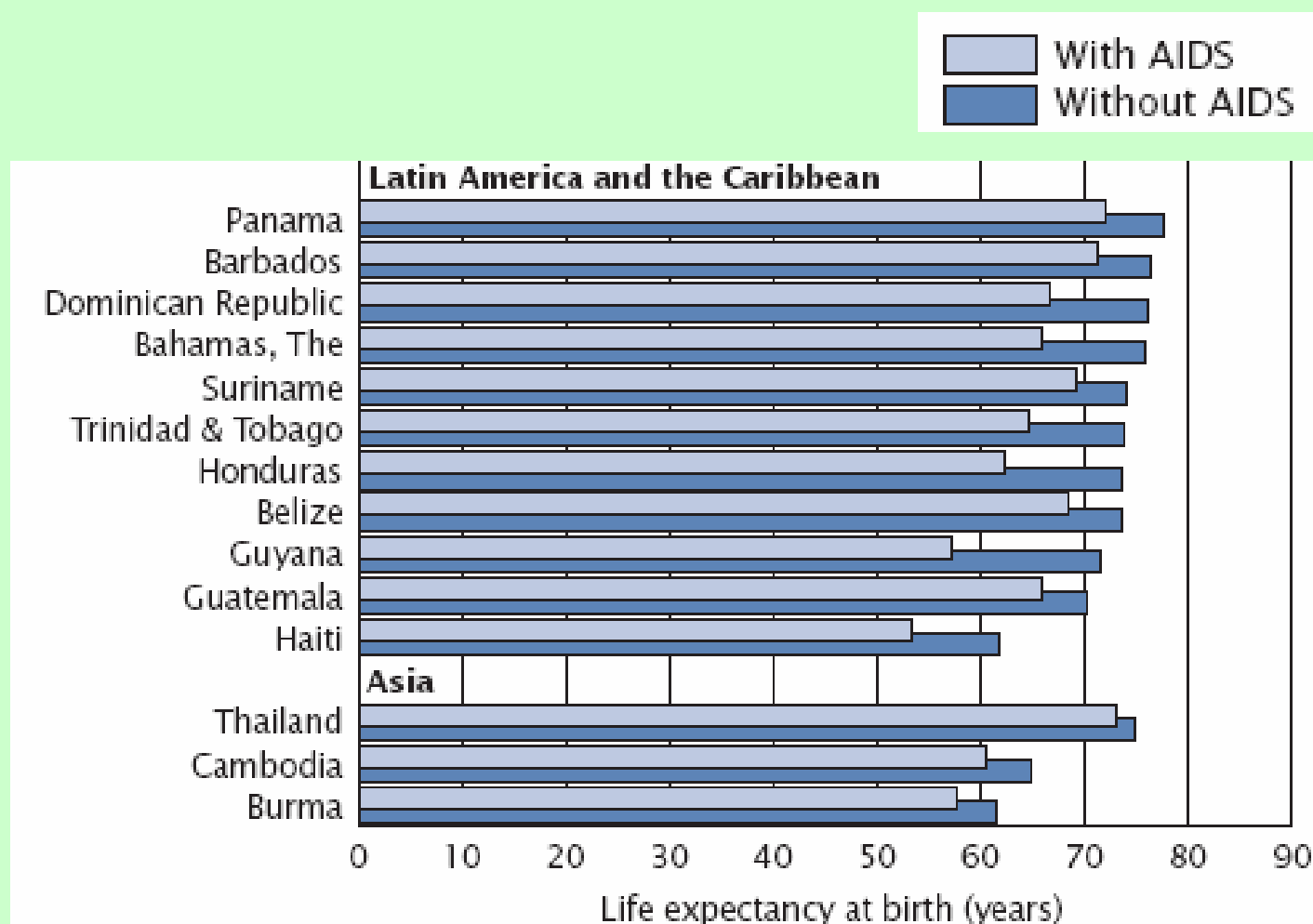
Life Expectancy at Birth With and Without AIDS for Selected Countries: 2002



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

Figure 11.

Life Expectancy at Birth With and Without AIDS for Selected Countries: 2010



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
& USAID, 2004*

Effect of AIDS on Infant Mortality

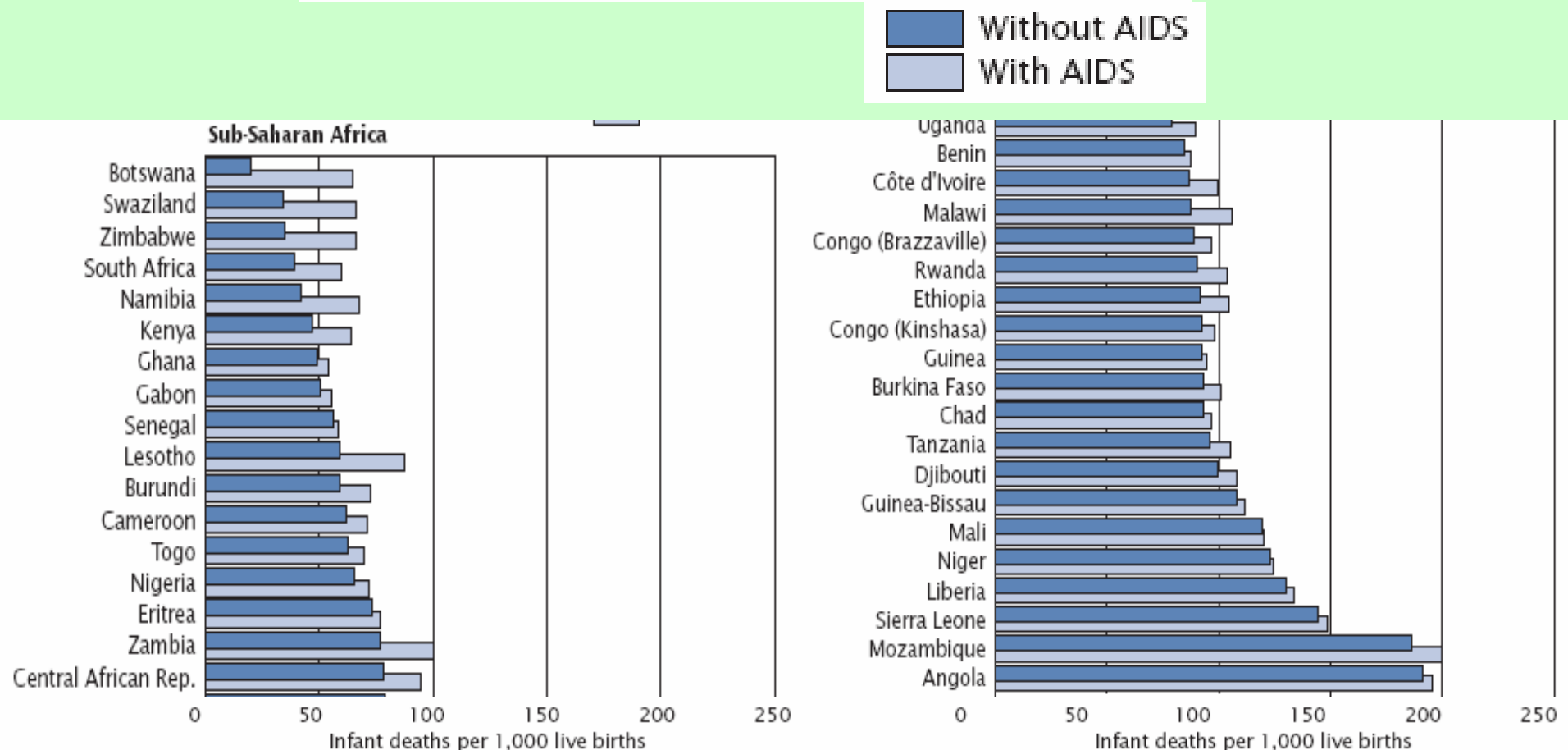
$$\text{Infant Mortality Rate} = \frac{\text{No. of Deaths of Infants Under Age 1}}{\text{Total Live Births}} \times 1,000$$

Low $\approx$ 5.0; High $\approx$ 100.0

U.S. = 6.43 (2006 estimate)

Japan = 3.24; Mozambique = 129.24

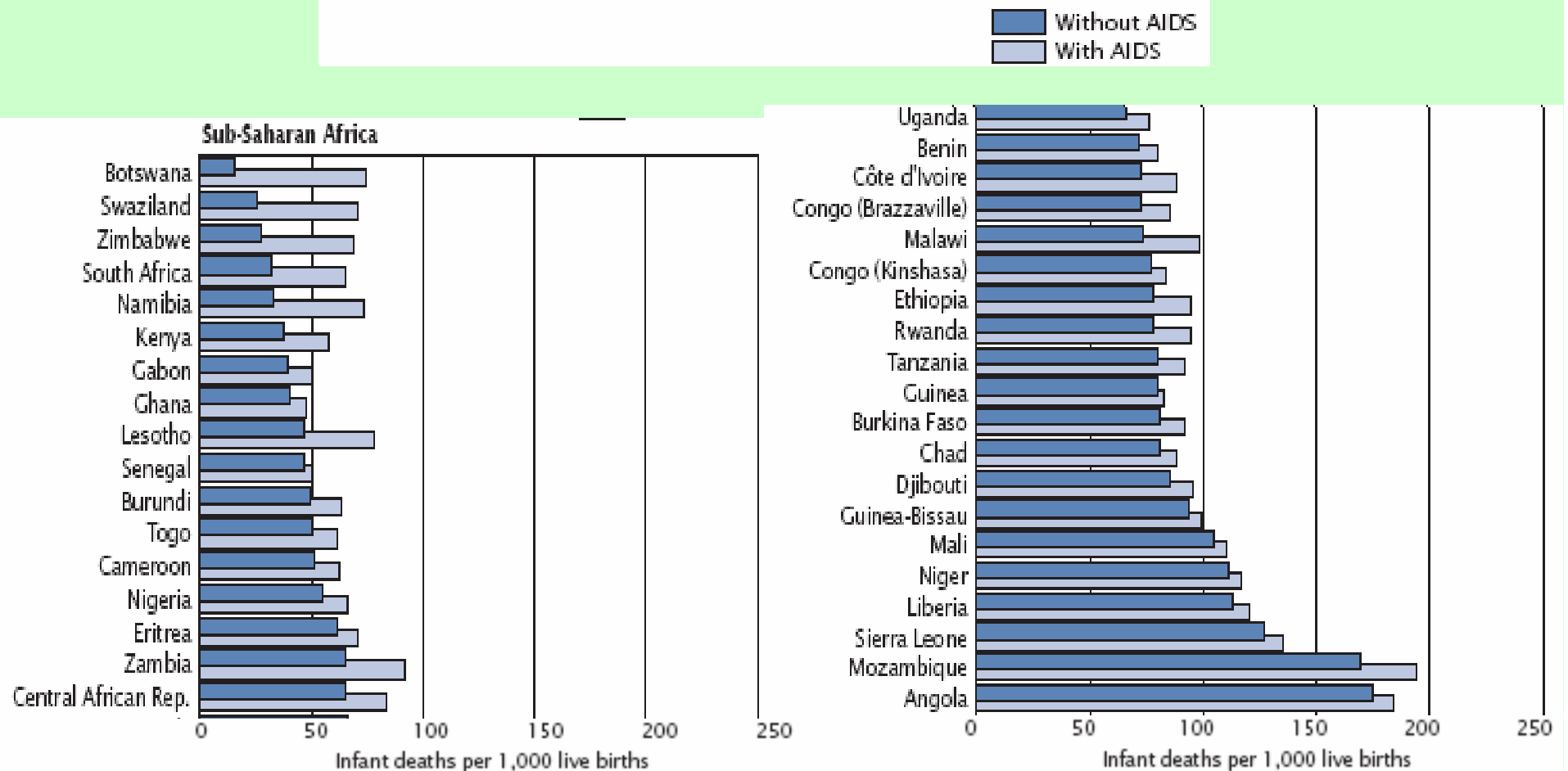
Figure 14.
**Infant Mortality With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2002**
**AIDS doubles infant mortality in some
 Sub-Saharan African Countries.**



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

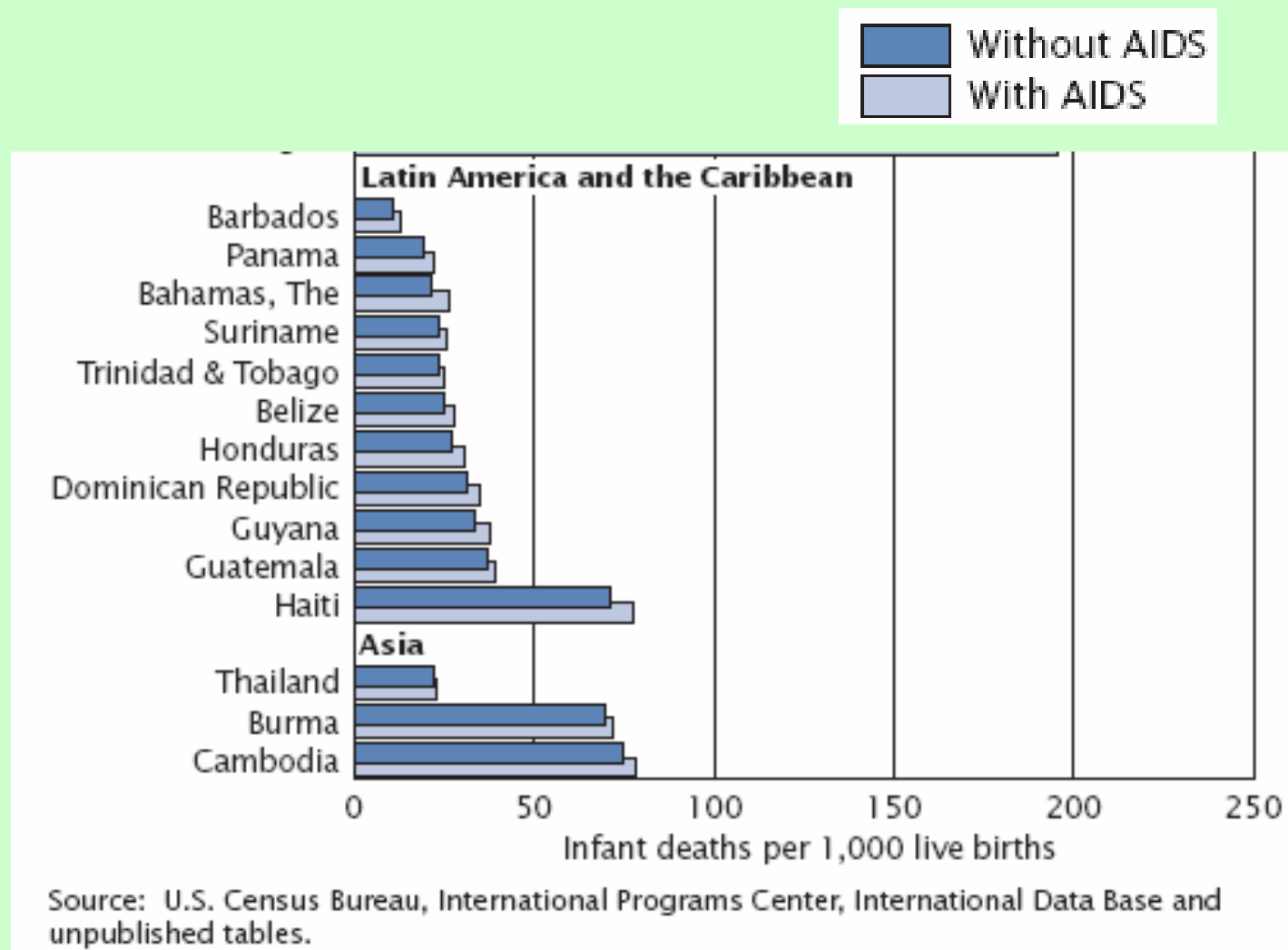
Figure 15.
**Infant Mortality With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2010**
**By 2010, nearly 60 infants out of every 1,000 live
 births are expected to die in Botswana from AIDS.**



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

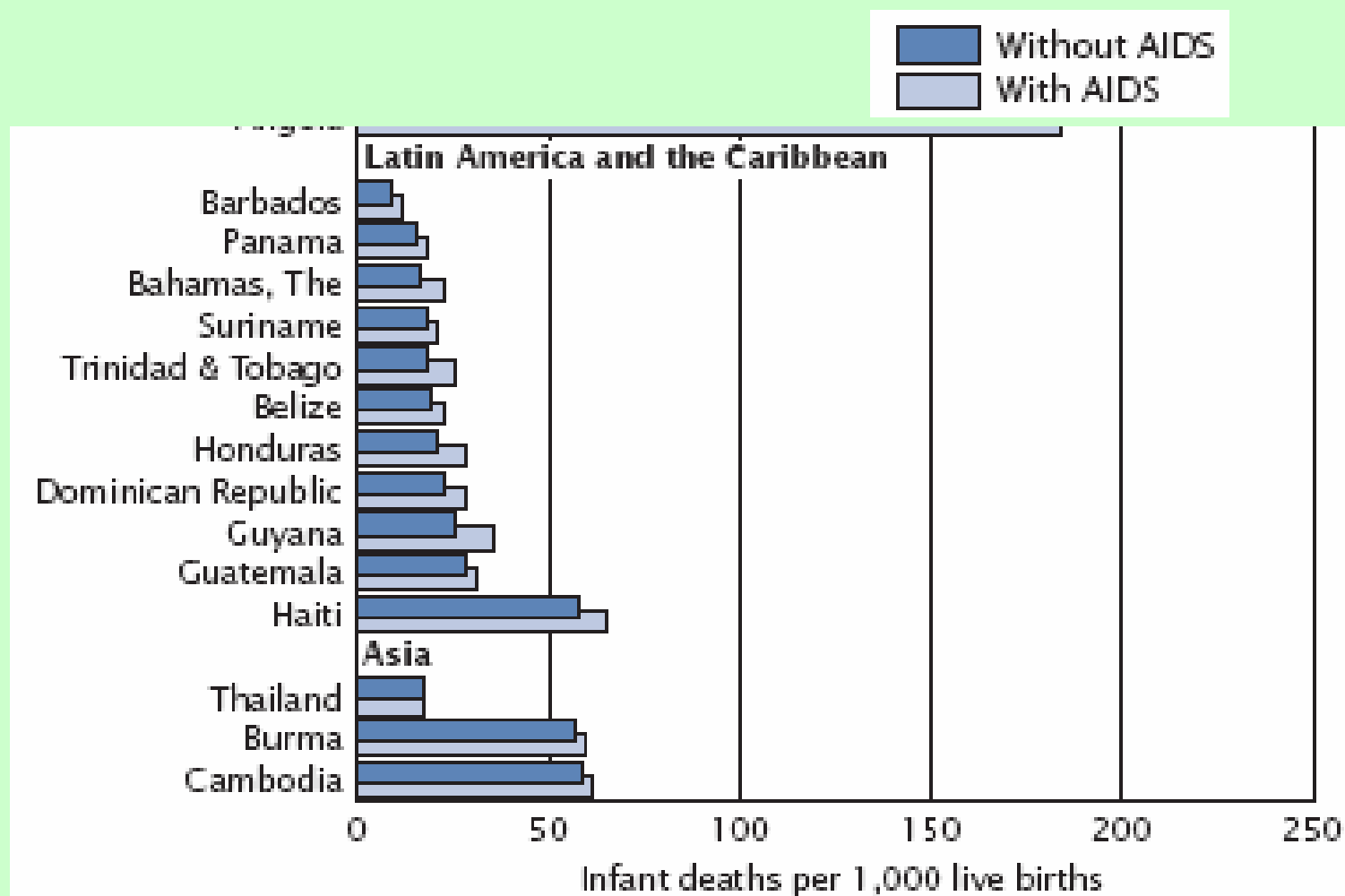
*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

Figure 14.
**Infant Mortality With and Without AIDS for
 Selected Countries: 2002**



*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

Figure 15.
Infant Mortality With and Without AIDS for
Selected Countries: 2010



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

*Source: US Census Bureau
 & USAID, 2004*

Figure 18.

Change in Population of Selected African Countries With and Without AIDS: 1990-2050

The populations of Botswana and South Africa are projected to decline over the next few decades whereas in Uganda, population growth is projected to continue.

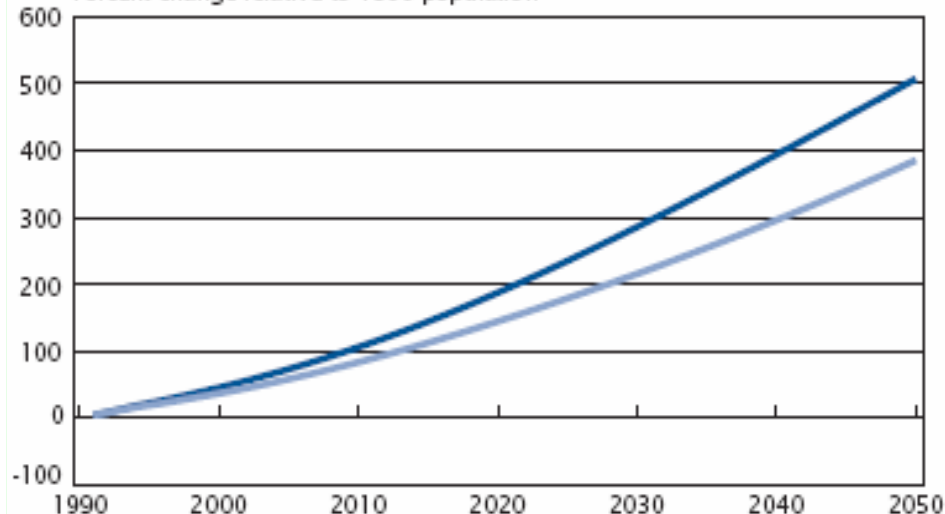
With AIDS

With AIDS

Without AIDS

Uganda

Percent change relative to 1990 population

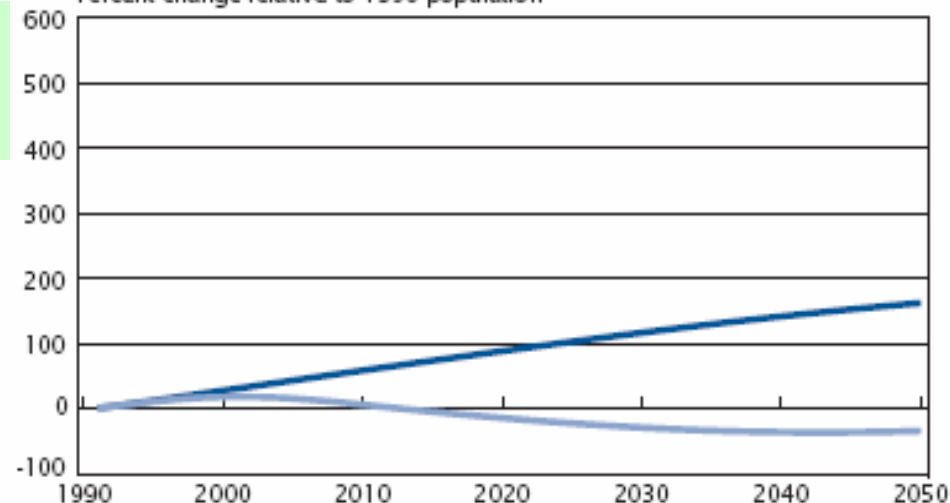


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

Botswana

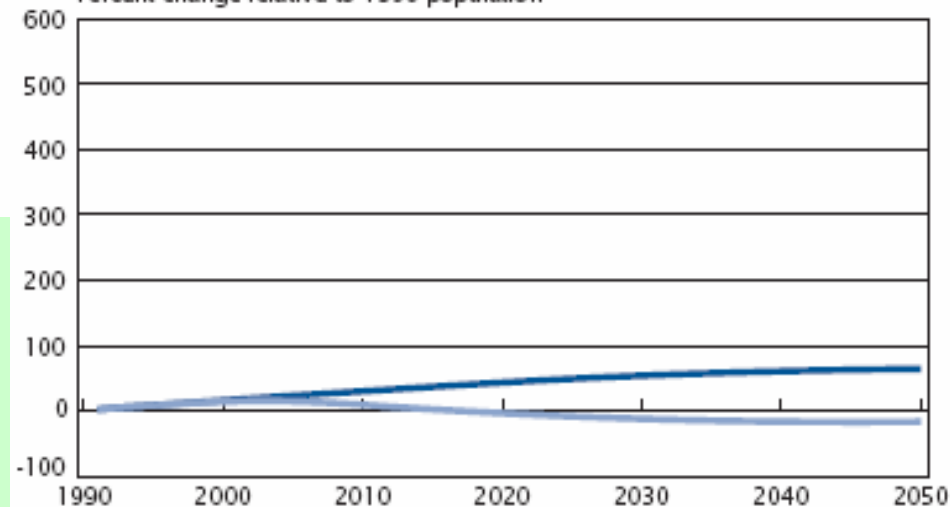
Percent change relative to 1990 population

Without AIDS

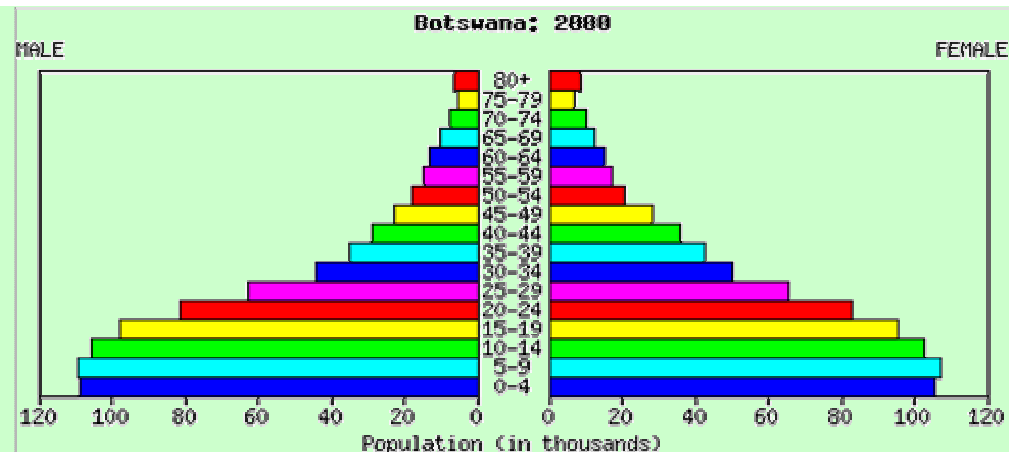


South Africa

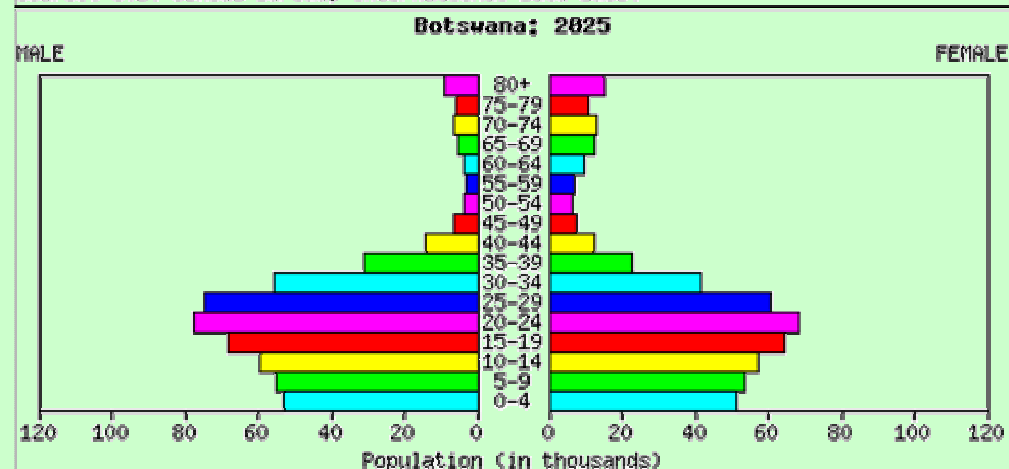
Percent change relative to 1990 population



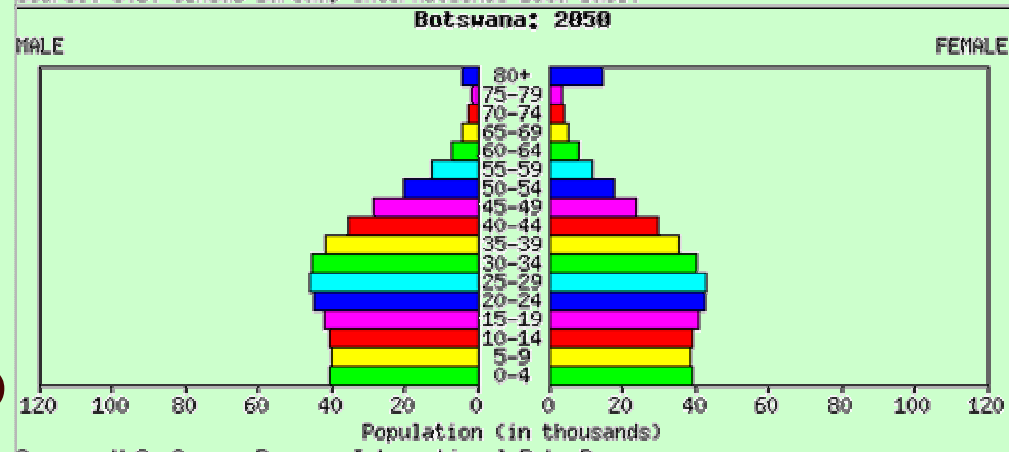
Botswana



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.



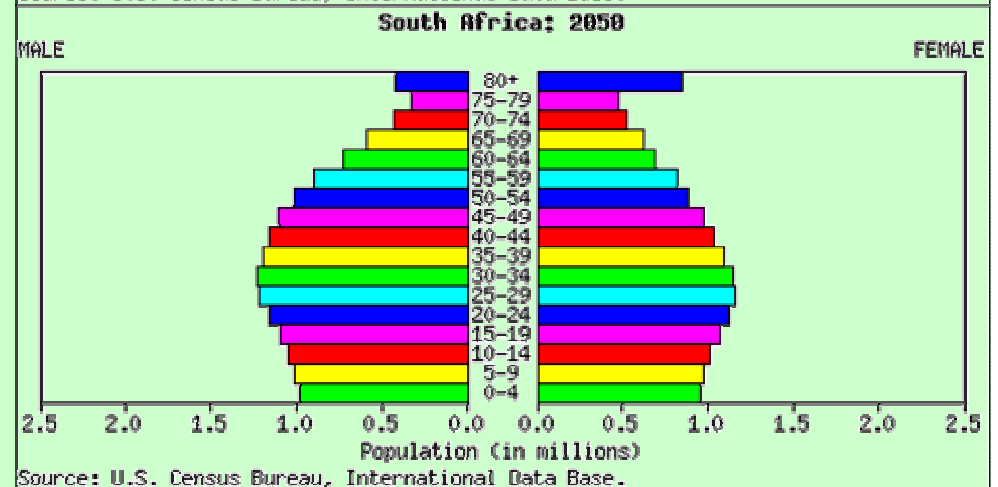
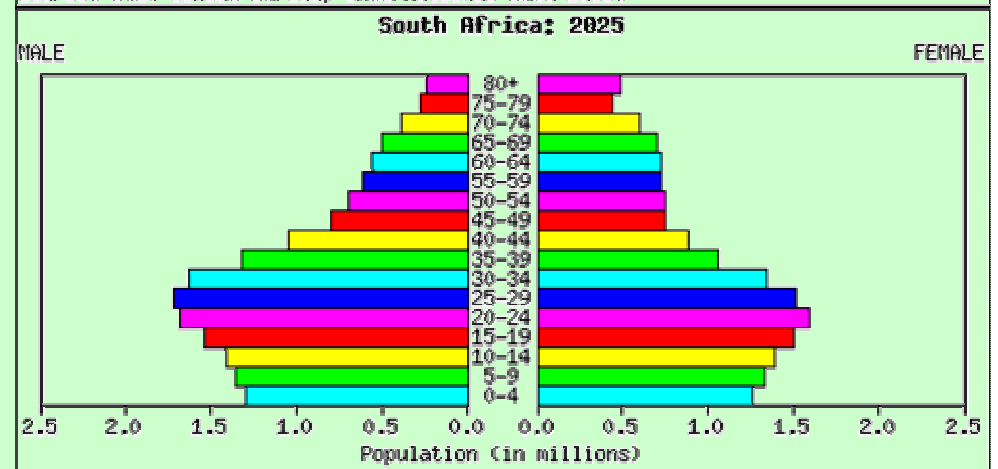
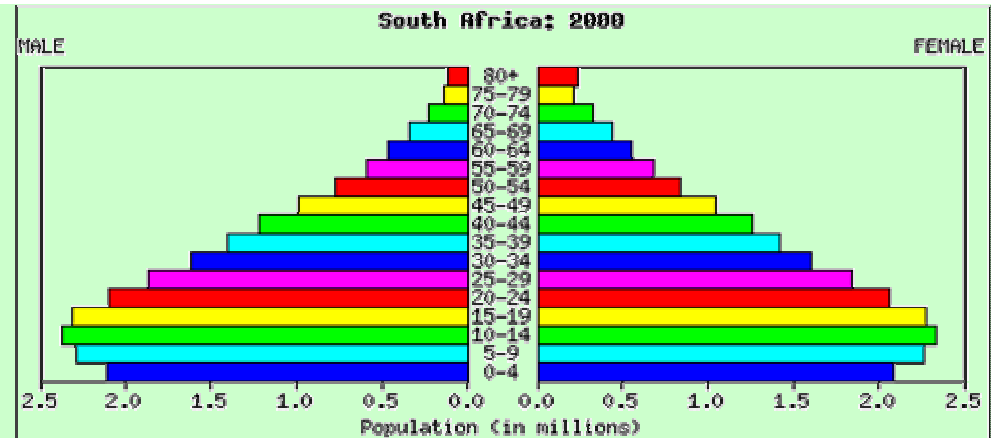
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.

HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 37.3% (2003)

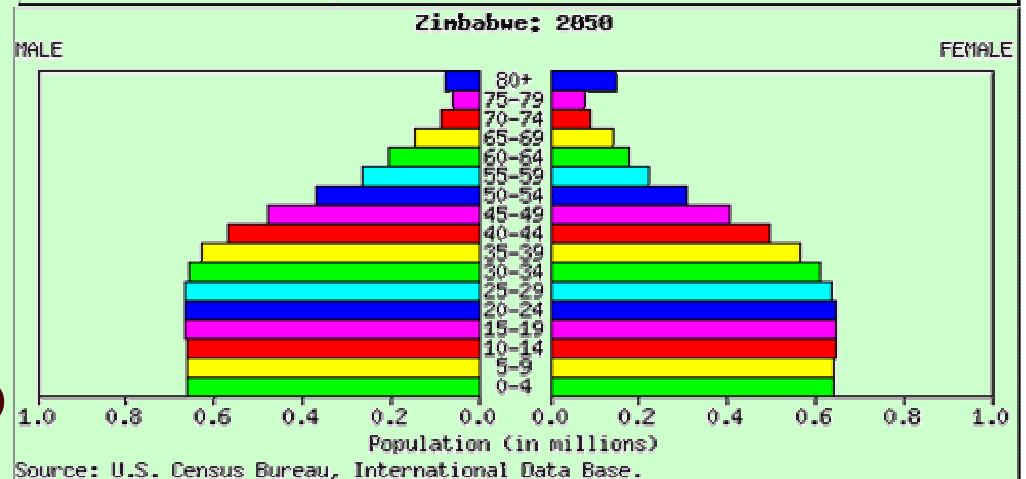
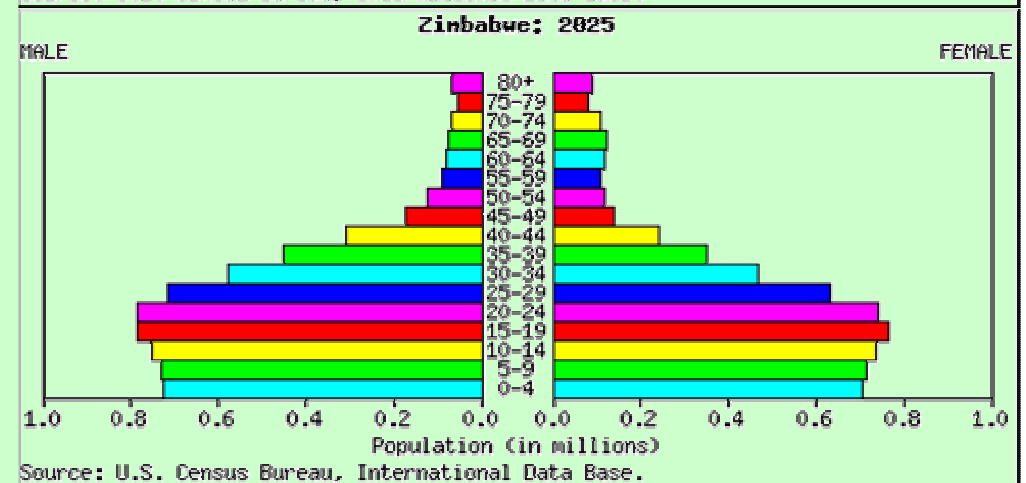
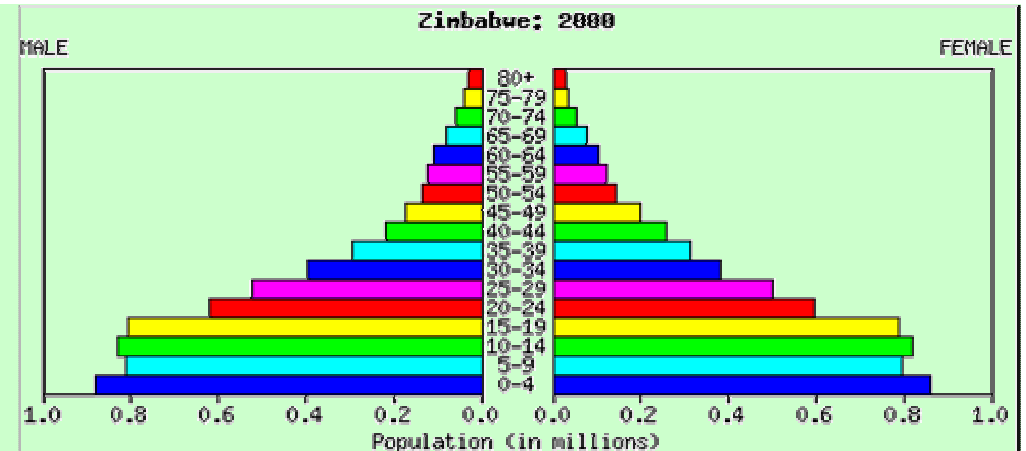
South Africa



HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 21.5% (2003)



Zimbabwe

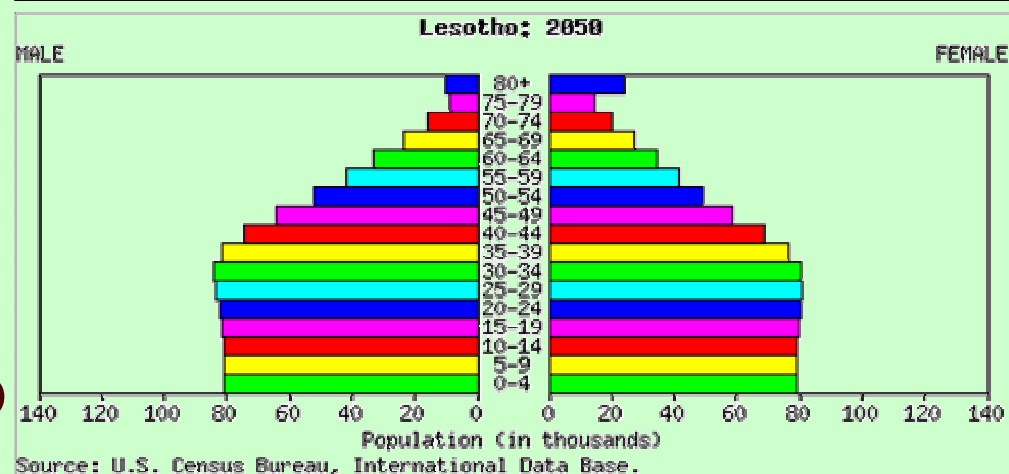
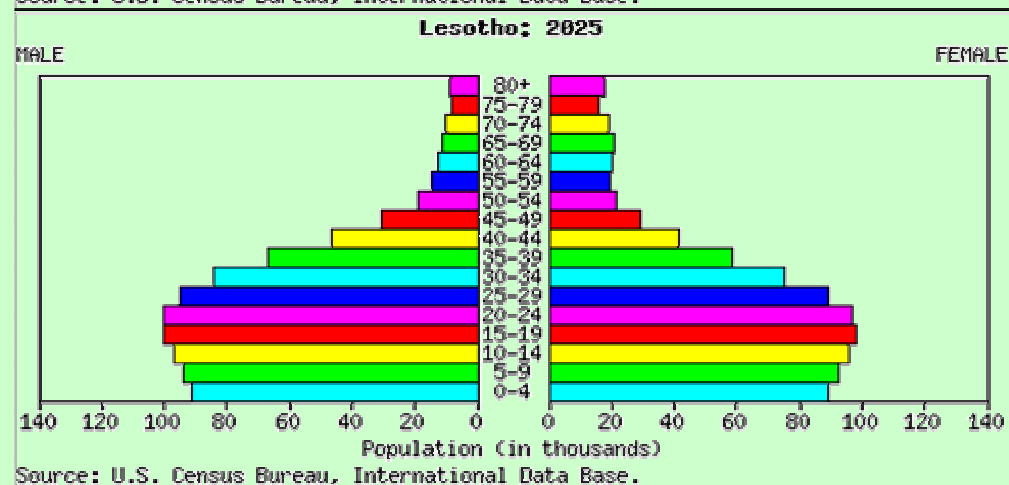
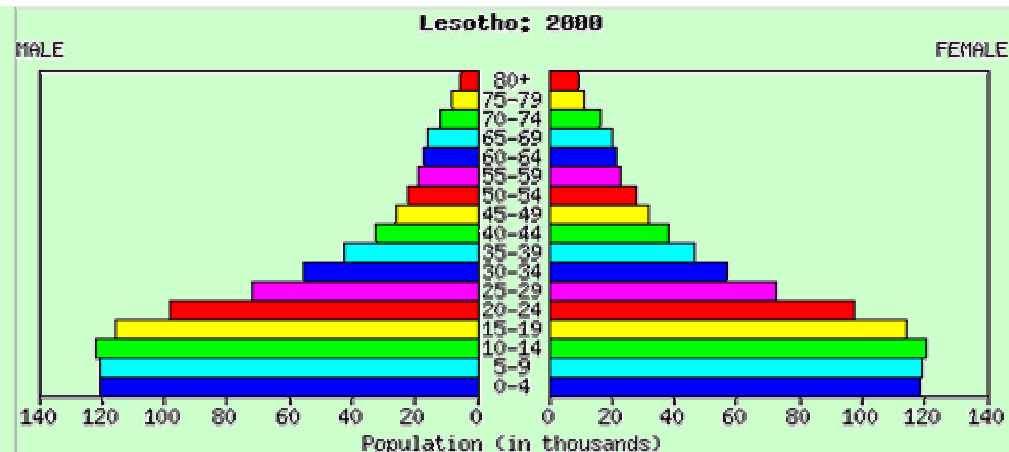


HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 24.6% (2003)

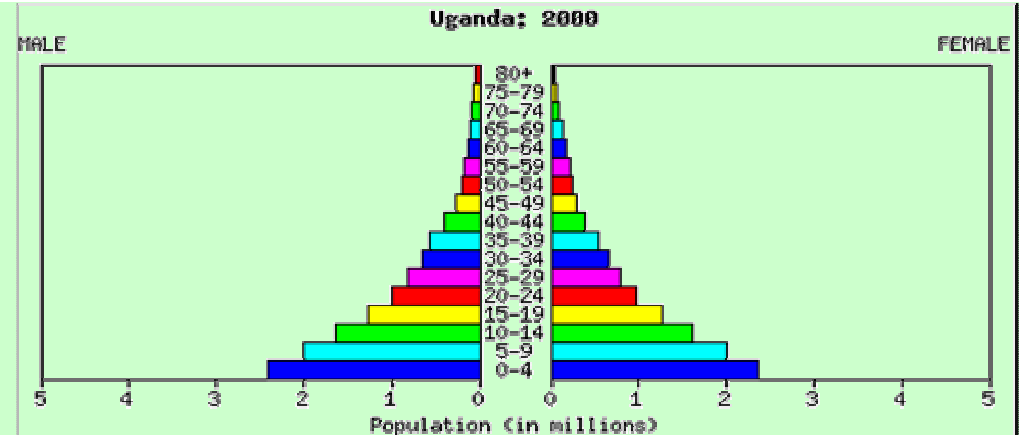
Lesotho



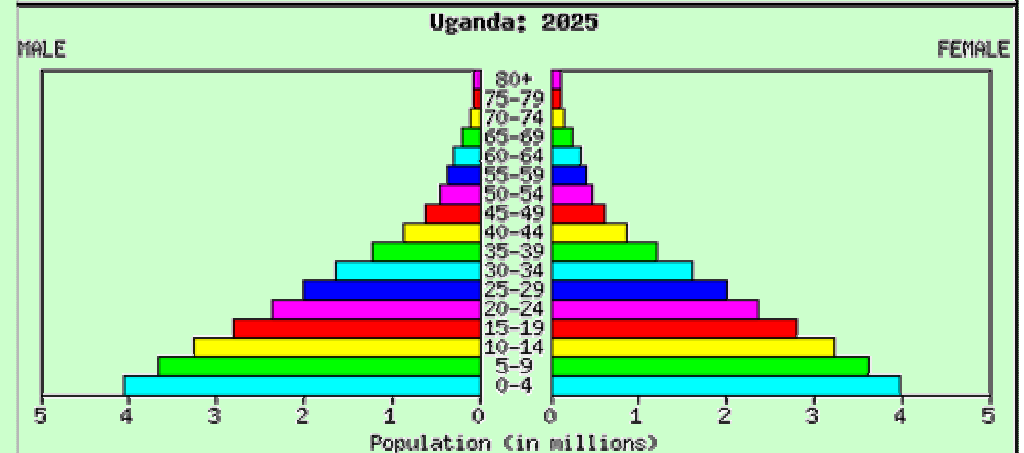
HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 28.9% (2003)



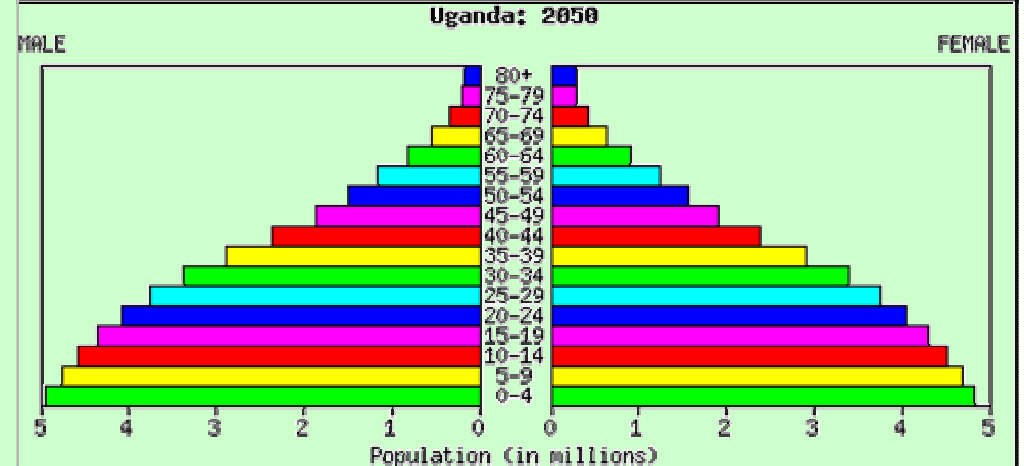
Uganda



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.

HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 4.1% (2003)

Senegal



HIV Adult Prevalence Rate 0.8% (2003)

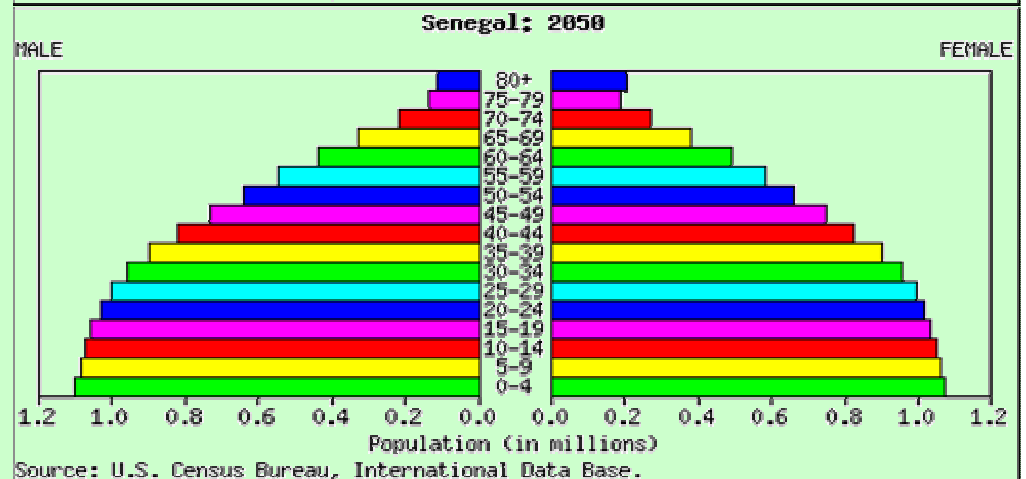
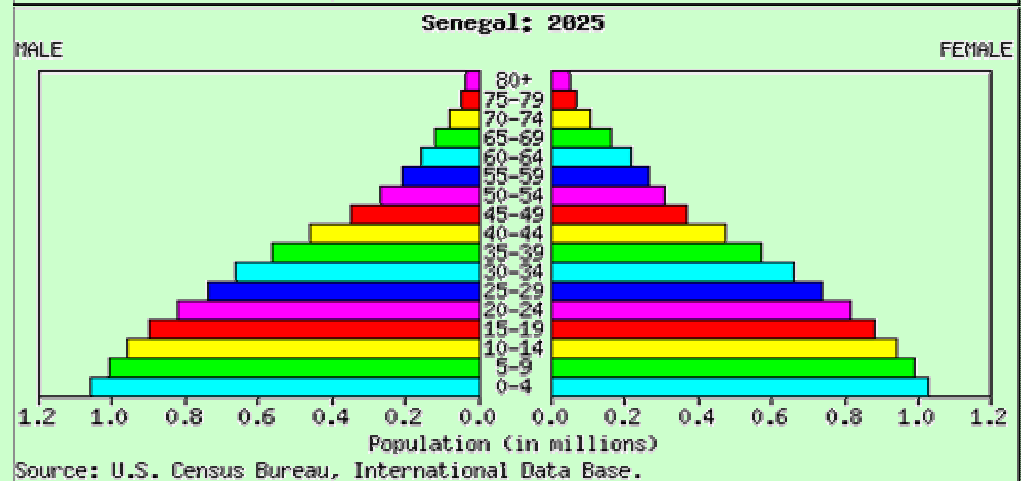
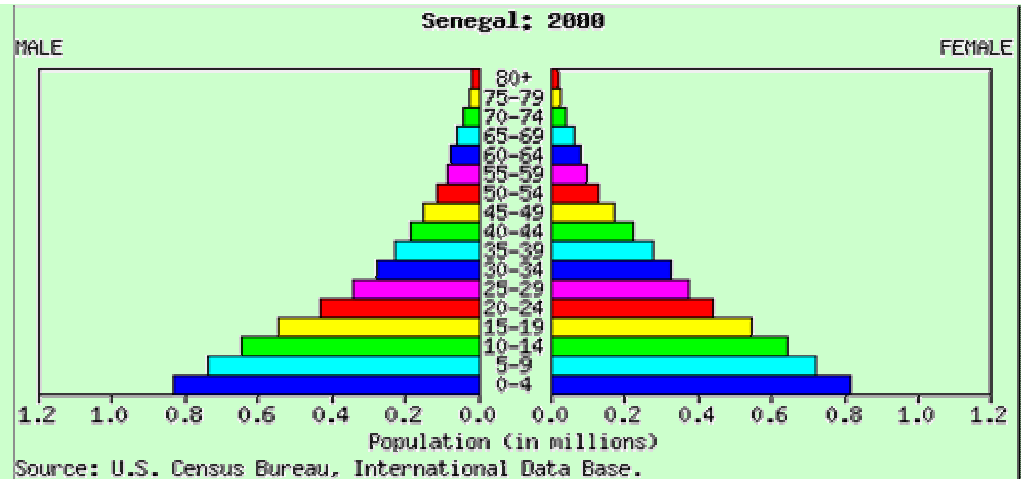


Table 1.
Demographic Characteristics With and Without AIDS: 2002

Country	Growth rate			Life expectancy at birth			Crude death rate			Infant mortality rate			Under-5 mortality rate			Total fertility rate
	With AIDS	With-out AIDS	Net de-crease	With AIDS	With-out AIDS	Net de-crease	With AIDS	With-out AIDS	Net in-crease	With AIDS	With-out AIDS	Net in-crease	With AIDS	With-out AIDS	Net in-crease	
Angola	2.0	2.2	0.2	37.1	38.9	1.8	25.8	24.3	1.5	195.2	191.6	3.6	287.4	281.8	5.6	6.4
Benin	3.0	3.1	0.1	51.3	53.8	2.5	13.6	12.4	1.2	87.7	84.4	3.3	149.6	143.8	5.9	6.1
Botswana	-0.2	2.3	2.5	33.9	72.4	38.5	28.6	4.8	23.8	64.8	20.0	44.8	107.1	30.6	76.5	3.4
Burkina Faso	2.6	3.1	0.5	44.7	52.3	7.6	18.8	14.7	4.1	100.9	93.5	7.5	199.8	187.9	11.8	6.4
Burundi	2.2	3.0	0.8	43.0	57.6	14.6	18.0	10.4	7.6	72.7	59.1	13.6	133.8	111.5	22.3	6.1
Cameroon	2.1	2.6	0.5	48.1	58.8	10.6	15.3	10.0	5.3	71.1	61.7	9.4	124.1	108.4	15.7	4.7
Central African Republic	1.7	2.6	0.9	42.1	57.5	15.4	19.5	10.8	8.7	94.5	78.6	15.9	144.7	118.2	26.5	4.8
Chad	3.1	3.3	0.1	48.7	51.4	2.7	16.4	15.0	1.4	96.7	93.5	3.3	171.1	165.4	5.8	6.5
Congo (Brazza-ville)	1.6	2.0	0.4	50.5	58.1	7.6	14.0	10.1	3.9	96.8	88.8	8.0	148.2	134.1	14.1	3.8
Congo (Kinshasa)	2.8	3.1	0.3	48.7	55.2	6.5	15.1	11.9	3.2	98.5	92.4	6.0	142.5	132.4	10.1	6.8
Côte d'Ivoire	2.2	2.9	0.8	42.8	55.6	12.7	18.4	11.2	7.1	99.6	86.9	12.6	152.6	131.6	20.9	5.6
Djibouti	2.2	2.7	0.5	43.1	51.6	8.5	19.5	14.4	5.1	108.4	99.6	8.8	175.3	161.0	14.3	5.6
Eritrea	1.3	1.5	0.2	53.6	56.6	3.0	13.1	11.7	1.4	77.1	73.5	3.5	130.2	123.7	6.5	5.8
Ethiopia	2.0	2.7	0.7	41.6	53.1	11.5	20.0	13.1	6.9	104.3	92.1	12.2	169.9	150.0	20.0	5.7
Gabon	2.6	2.8	0.3	57.7	63.7	6.0	10.9	8.4	2.5	55.8	50.2	5.6	82.8	72.6	10.2	4.9
Ghana	1.6	1.8	0.3	56.8	62.4	5.7	10.4	7.9	2.5	53.8	49.2	4.7	92.9	84.4	8.5	3.5
Guinea	2.4	2.6	0.1	49.4	51.4	2.0	15.9	14.8	1.1	94.8	92.8	2.0	168.8	165.3	3.5	5.9
Guinea-Bissau	2.0	2.2	0.2	47.0	49.8	2.9	16.7	15.0	1.7	111.9	108.4	3.4	180.3	174.6	5.7	5.1
Kenya	1.4	2.3	1.0	45.5	65.6	20.1	15.7	6.2	9.5	64.1	46.9	17.2	95.0	65.7	29.2	3.6
Lesotho	0.2	2.0	1.7	37.1	64.4	27.3	24.4	8.2	16.3	87.2	59.1	28.2	127.7	80.6	47.1	3.6
Liberia	1.7	1.9	0.2	48.3	51.8	3.5	17.9	16.0	1.8	133.9	130.1	3.8	203.2	196.8	6.4	6.3
Malawi	2.3	3.3	1.0	38.5	56.3	17.8	22.3	12.0	10.3	106.1	87.2	18.9	184.7	155.0	29.7	6.2
Mali	2.9	3.0	0.1	45.6	47.4	1.9	19.3	18.3	1.0	120.4	119.5	0.9	218.1	215.4	2.7	6.7
Mozambique	1.0	1.8	0.8	32.1	40.0	7.9	29.3	21.9	7.4	199.7	186.1	13.6	304.1	280.9	23.1	5.0
Namibia	1.7	2.9	1.1	45.0	65.8	20.9	17.6	7.0	10.6	67.3	42.0	25.3	104.1	59.2	44.9	4.8
Nigeria	2.6	2.9	0.3	51.5	57.8	6.3	13.6	10.5	3.1	72.2	65.8	6.5	136.2	124.9	11.4	5.5
Niger	2.8	2.8	0.1	42.2	43.5	1.3	21.9	21.1	0.8	124.6	122.7	1.9	269.8	267.1	2.7	7.0
Rwanda	1.8	2.7	0.8	39.5	51.5	12.1	21.6	14.0	7.6	103.6	90.4	13.2	185.9	164.9	21.0	5.7
Senegal	2.6	2.7	0.1	56.2	59.0	2.9	11.0	9.8	1.2	58.6	56.2	2.4	110.7	106.4	4.4	5.0
Sierra Leone	3.0	3.2	0.2	43.0	46.0	3.0	20.7	18.8	1.9	148.5	144.3	4.2	225.6	218.9	6.8	5.9
South Africa	0.2	1.2	1.0	48.8	66.3	17.5	16.6	7.3	9.3	59.5	38.9	20.6	97.3	61.4	35.9	2.3
Swaziland	1.1	2.7	1.6	41.4	72.6	31.1	19.3	4.1	15.2	66.5	34.2	32.3	103.5	48.1	55.4	4.0
Tanzania	1.8	2.3	0.6	44.7	54.3	9.6	17.3	12.1	5.3	105.3	96.0	9.3	156.5	140.9	15.6	5.3
Togo	2.5	2.9	0.4	53.8	62.6	8.9	11.4	7.7	3.7	69.8	62.6	7.2	119.1	106.6	12.5	5.1
Uganda	2.9	3.5	0.6	44.5	56.0	11.5	17.3	11.6	5.7	89.7	79.2	10.5	145.2	127.9	17.3	6.8
Zambia	1.6	2.9	1.3	35.3	55.4	20.1	24.3	11.5	12.8	100.2	76.5	23.7	170.8	132.7	38.1	5.4
Zimbabwe	1.0	2.6	1.6	40.2	69.0	28.8	20.8	5.4	15.4	65.9	34.7	31.2	100.7	47.2	53.4	3.7
Bahamas, The	0.8	1.2	0.3	65.8	74.0	8.2	8.6	5.2	3.4	26.7	21.4	5.4	35.8	26.3	9.5	2.3
Barbados	0.4	0.5	0.1	72.0	74.5	2.5	9.0	7.9	1.1	12.8	10.9	1.9	15.6	12.2	3.4	1.6
Belize	2.5	2.6	0.1	67.3	71.3	4.1	6.1	4.7	1.4	27.8	25.0	2.8	36.0	30.8	5.2	4.0
Dominican Republic	1.4	1.6	0.2	68.3	74.2	5.9	6.7	4.5	2.2	35.1	31.3	3.8	45.3	38.2	7.1	2.9
Guatemala	2.7	2.8	0.1	65.3	67.8	2.5	6.8	5.9	0.9	39.0	36.9	2.0	51.2	47.5	3.7	4.7
Guyana	0.3	0.5	0.2	63.7	69.0	5.3	8.9	6.6	2.3	37.9	33.3	4.6	52.3	43.8	8.5	2.1
Haiti	1.6	2.0	0.4	51.4	58.7	7.2	13.5	10.3	3.3	77.7	71.5	6.2	117.1	106.6	10.5	5.0
Honduras	2.4	2.6	0.2	67.1	71.5	4.4	6.3	4.8	1.5	30.3	26.8	3.5	41.4	34.9	6.5	4.2
Panama	1.4	1.5	0.1	72.5	76.1	3.6	6.1	4.9	1.3	21.9	19.6	2.3	27.9	23.7	4.1	2.6
Suriname	0.4	0.5	0.1	69.3	71.9	2.6	6.7	5.7	1.0	25.4	23.4	2.0	32.3	28.8	3.5	2.4
Trinidad and Tobago	-0.6	-0.6	0.1	69.9	71.7	1.8	8.4	7.7	0.7	25.3	23.6	1.7	30.0	27.1	2.9	1.8
Burma	0.6	0.7	0.2	55.6	58.5	3.0	12.2	10.6	1.6	72.0	69.5	2.4	101.0	96.4	4.6	2.2
Cambodia	1.8	2.0	0.2	57.4	61.9	4.5	9.4	7.5	1.9	78.3	74.5	3.8	103.0	96.0	7.0	3.6
Thailand	1.0	1.1	0.1	71.1	72.7	1.6	6.8	6.1	0.7	22.5	22.2	0.3	30.0	28.8	1.2	1.9

Note: Growth rate, life expectancy at birth (e_0), crude death rate, infant mortality, and under-5 mortality (${}_5q_0$) are for both sexes combined.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

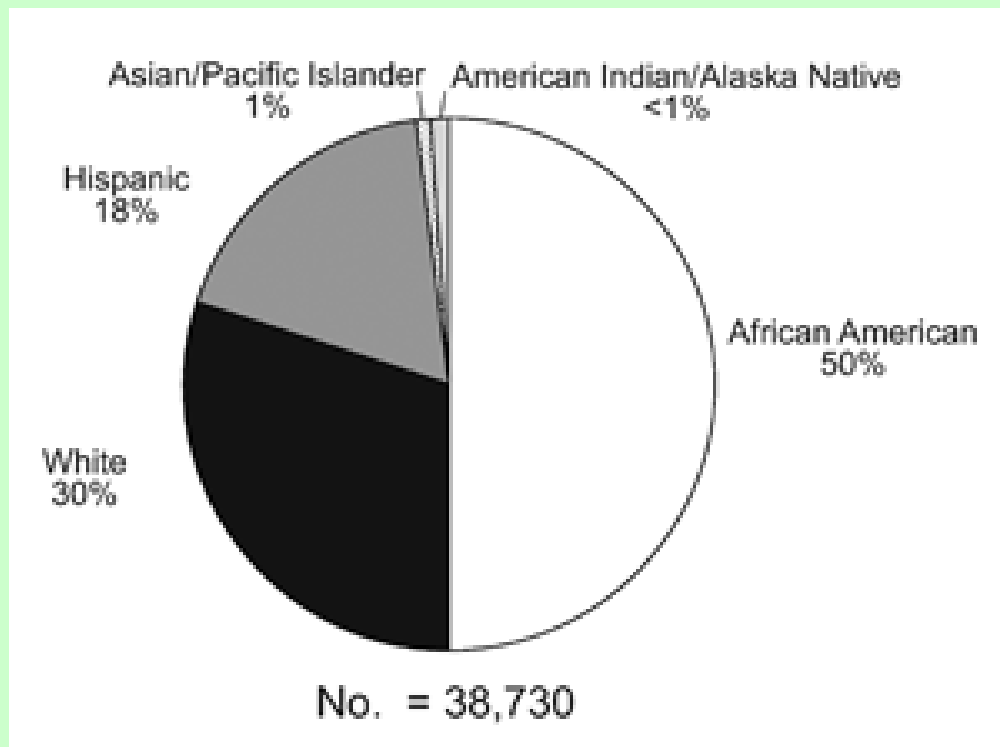
Table 2.
Demographic Characteristics With and Without AIDS: 2010

Country	Growth rate			Life expectancy at birth			Crude death rate			Infant mortality rate			Under-5 mortality rate			Total fertility rate
	With AIDS	Without AIDS	Net decrease	With AIDS	Without AIDS	Net decrease	With AIDS	Without AIDS	Net increase	With AIDS	Without AIDS	Net increase	With AIDS	Without AIDS	Net increase	
Angola	1.7	2.3	0.6	35.0	41.3	6.2	26.8	21.6	5.2	183.6	174.7	8.9	268.9	255.2	13.7	5.9
Benin	2.4	2.9	0.5	47.9	57.0	9.0	14.8	10.2	4.6	80.1	71.3	8.7	132.2	117.5	14.7	5.4
Botswana	-2.1	1.9	4.0	26.7	74.4	47.7	42.8	4.2	38.6	74.6	15.8	58.8	122.9	22.8	100.1	2.7
Burkina Faso	2.4	3.0	0.7	43.6	55.4	11.9	18.6	12.2	6.4	92.1	80.7	11.4	173.9	156.0	18.0	5.9
Burundi	2.7	3.4	0.7	44.6	60.7	16.2	16.7	8.5	8.1	63.3	49.4	13.9	111.4	88.3	23.1	5.3
Cameroon	1.7	2.4	0.7	47.9	61.9	14.0	15.5	8.5	7.0	62.7	51.4	11.3	105.5	86.5	19.0	4.1
Central African Republic	1.3	2.3	1.0	41.0	60.6	19.6	20.2	9.2	11.0	83.9	65.2	18.7	127.1	95.6	31.5	4.1
Chad	2.7	3.1	0.5	46.2	54.6	8.4	16.8	12.5	4.3	88.6	80.8	7.8	151.6	138.6	13.0	6.0
Congo (Brazzaville)	0.9	1.7	0.8	47.0	61.2	14.3	16.5	8.5	8.0	85.7	72.8	12.9	128.8	107.1	21.7	3.0
Congo (Kinshasa) ..	2.9	3.2	0.3	50.5	58.4	7.9	13.4	9.8	3.6	83.2	76.7	6.6	118.9	107.8	11.2	6.1
Côte d'Ivoire	1.8	2.7	0.9	41.7	58.7	17.0	19.0	9.4	9.6	88.4	72.5	16.0	133.7	107.1	26.6	4.8
Djibouti	1.9	2.5	0.6	43.4	54.8	11.4	19.1	12.6	6.5	95.9	85.3	10.6	152.0	134.6	17.4	5.0
Eritrea	2.2	2.8	0.6	48.9	59.8	10.8	15.0	9.8	5.2	70.9	61.7	9.1	115.9	100.3	15.6	5.2
Ethiopia	1.5	2.5	1.0	40.1	56.3	16.3	20.7	10.9	9.8	94.9	77.9	16.9	150.8	123.3	27.5	4.8
Gabon	2.2	2.9	0.6	52.9	66.5	13.6	12.9	7.0	5.9	50.5	39.7	10.8	74.4	55.5	18.9	4.6
Ghana	1.0	1.4	0.5	55.6	65.4	9.8	11.5	7.0	4.5	47.6	40.2	7.4	78.6	65.7	12.9	2.5
Guinea	2.7	2.8	0.2	51.3	54.6	3.2	14.3	12.7	1.6	83.1	80.1	2.9	143.6	138.5	5.1	5.6
Guinea-Bissau	1.9	2.3	0.3	47.3	52.9	5.6	16.2	13.0	3.2	99.4	93.8	5.6	157.0	147.6	9.3	4.6
Kenya	0.5	1.8	1.3	43.7	68.3	24.7	18.3	5.4	12.9	58.0	37.2	20.9	86.3	50.6	35.7	2.6
Lesotho	-0.2	1.7	1.9	36.5	67.2	30.6	26.0	7.1	18.8	78.1	46.7	31.5	115.9	62.3	53.7	3.0
Liberia	2.3	2.7	0.5	46.3	55.0	8.7	17.9	13.5	4.4	120.5	112.7	7.8	180.7	167.8	12.9	5.7
Malawi	1.9	3.2	1.3	36.9	59.4	22.6	23.1	9.9	13.2	97.9	73.2	24.7	165.1	125.2	39.9	5.7
Mali	2.5	2.9	0.4	44.3	50.5	6.2	18.8	15.3	3.4	110.1	105.1	5.0	193.6	184.8	8.8	6.1
Mozambique	-0.2	1.6	1.8	27.1	42.5	15.4	36.2	19.4	16.9	194.1	169.2	25.0	292.8	253.5	39.3	4.3
Namibia	0.2	2.7	2.4	33.8	68.5	34.8	28.1	5.7	22.4	73.4	32.8	40.6	113.9	44.8	69.1	4.3
Nigeria	2.0	2.7	0.7	47.3	60.9	13.6	15.7	8.7	7.0	65.8	54.6	11.2	117.3	98.3	19.0	4.8
Niger	2.4	2.7	0.3	41.4	46.3	4.9	21.0	17.9	3.1	117.1	110.9	6.2	244.8	235.0	9.8	6.3
Rwanda	1.6	2.7	1.0	38.7	54.7	16.0	22.3	12.0	10.3	94.5	78.1	16.4	164.4	138.0	26.4	5.2
Senegal	2.3	2.5	0.2	58.2	62.1	3.9	9.8	8.2	1.6	50.4	47.1	3.3	90.3	84.5	5.8	4.3
Sierra Leone	2.0	2.5	0.5	41.9	48.9	7.1	20.5	16.1	4.4	135.2	127.2	8.0	203.3	190.5	12.9	5.3
South Africa	-1.4	1.0	2.4	36.5	68.4	31.9	30.1	7.2	22.9	65.1	31.5	33.7	104.3	47.3	57.0	2.0
Swaziland	-0.4	2.3	2.6	33.0	74.6	41.6	28.8	3.8	25.1	70.8	25.6	45.3	111.7	34.6	77.1	3.2
Tanzania	1.9	2.6	0.7	44.6	57.5	12.9	17.1	10.0	7.1	92.3	80.1	12.2	135.5	115.3	20.3	4.6
Togo	1.7	2.3	0.7	50.7	65.5	14.8	12.9	6.3	6.6	61.8	50.6	11.2	101.2	82.0	19.2	3.8
Uganda	3.0	3.5	0.5	46.8	59.2	12.3	15.2	9.5	5.7	76.6	66.5	10.1	121.1	104.1	17.0	6.1
Zambia	1.0	2.6	1.5	34.4	58.6	24.3	25.4	9.5	15.9	92.3	64.7	27.6	153.4	108.3	45.2	4.5
Zimbabwe	0.0	2.3	2.3	34.6	71.4	36.9	27.4	4.8	22.6	69.0	27.0	42.0	107.6	35.8	71.9	3.3
Bahamas, The	0.5	0.9	0.4	65.8	75.8	10.0	9.4	5.4	4.0	22.7	16.3	6.4	30.8	19.7	11.1	2.1
Barbados	0.2	0.4	0.2	71.2	76.3	5.1	9.5	7.4	2.1	11.9	8.7	3.2	15.6	9.7	5.9	1.7
Belize	2.1	2.3	0.2	68.3	73.5	5.2	5.9	4.1	1.8	22.7	19.0	3.7	29.4	23.0	6.4	3.3
Dominican Republic	1.2	1.5	0.3	66.7	76.0	9.3	8.1	4.6	3.5	28.6	22.9	5.8	37.7	27.5	10.2	2.7
Guatemala	2.4	2.6	0.2	65.9	70.3	4.5	6.6	5.0	1.6	31.4	28.2	3.2	41.4	35.6	5.8	4.2
Guyana	0.4	1.1	0.7	57.1	71.4	14.3	13.6	6.4	7.1	35.8	25.7	10.1	50.7	32.9	17.7	2.0
Haiti	2.0	2.3	0.4	53.3	61.7	8.5	12.3	8.6	3.8	64.8	58.2	6.6	95.7	84.4	11.3	4.1
Honduras	1.7	2.1	0.4	62.2	73.6	11.4	8.4	4.3	4.1	28.0	20.7	7.4	39.3	26.2	13.1	3.4
Panama	1.1	1.3	0.2	72.1	77.6	5.5	6.9	5.0	2.0	18.5	15.2	3.4	24.2	18.1	6.1	2.3
Suriname	0.0	0.3	0.2	69.1	74.0	4.9	7.8	5.8	2.0	20.9	17.8	3.2	27.3	21.5	5.8	2.2
Trinidad and Tobago	-1.0	-0.6	0.4	64.5	73.8	9.3	12.5	8.5	4.0	25.2	17.9	7.3	34.6	20.5	14.1	1.7
Burma	0.3	0.5	0.2	57.7	61.6	3.9	12.0	9.8	2.2	59.7	56.4	3.3	82.5	76.6	5.8	1.9
Cambodia	1.8	2.0	0.2	60.6	64.9	4.2	8.5	6.7	1.8	61.9	58.5	3.4	80.2	74.3	6.0	3.1
Thailand	0.7	0.8	0.1	73.0	74.7	1.6	7.3	6.5	0.7	17.4	17.2	0.2	22.5	21.7	0.8	1.8

Note: Growth rate, life expectancy at birth (e_0), crude death rate, infant mortality, and under-5 mortality (c_5q_5) are for both sexes combined.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

HIV/AIDS and African Americans



In 2002, HIV/AIDS was the second leading cause of death for all African Americans aged 35–44.

In the same year, HIV/AIDS was the number 1 cause of death for African American women aged 25–34.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Sources:

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